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"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXT."—*Washington.*

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Choice Poetry.

AUTUMN.

BY LONGFELLOW.

O, with what glory comes and goes the year!—
The Buds of spring,—those beautiful harbingers
Of sunny skies and cloudless time,—enjoy
Life's newness, and earth's garniture spread out;
And when the silver habit of the clouds
Comes down upon the Autumn sun, and with
A sober gladness the old year takes up
His bright inheritance of golden fruits,
A pomp and pageant fill the splendid scene.

There is a beautiful spirit breathing now
Its mellow richness on the clustered trees,
And from a beaker full of richest dyes,
Pouring new glory on the Autumn woods,
And dipping in warm light the pillar'd clouds.
Morn, on the mountain, like a summer bird,
Lifts up her purple wings: and in the vales
The gentle wind—a sweet and passionate wooer—
Kisses the blushing leaf, and stirs up life
Within the solemn woods of ash deep crimsoned,
And silver beech, and maple yellow-leaved—
Where Autumn, like a jaunt old man, sits down
By the wayside a weary. Through the trees
The golden robin moves: the purple finch,
That on wild cherry and red cedar feeds—
A winter bird,—comes with its plaintive whistle,
And perks by the witch hazel: whilst along
From cottage roofs the warbling blackbird sings,
And merrily, with oft repeated strokes,
Sounds from the threshing-floor the busy flail.

O, what a glory doth this world put on
For him who with a fervent heart, goes forth
Under the bright and glorious sky, and looks
On duties well perform'd and days well spent!
For him the wind, ay and the yellow leaves,
Shall have a voice, and give him eloquent teachings:
He shall so hear the solemn hymn that Death
Has lifted up for all, that he shall go
To his long resting place without a fear.

A MOTHER'S LOVE.

BY SARAH ELIA.

A Mother's Love! Ah! who can speak,
The thoughts that in her bosom swell?
The changing color on her cheek,
And anxious eye too plainly tell.
She heeds them not, though toil and care
Have stamped their signet on her brow,
She heeds it not, though pale disease,
Hath caused her once fair form to bow.

What! though the heavy frosts of time
Have silvered o'er her raven hair,
And sorrow's lines have rudely crossed
Her fading cheek, once fresh and fair:
What! though the spring of life be past,
And summer's sun long since hath set,
Some pleasant days are lingering still,
With fall and winter nearly met.

What! though the world should frown with scorn,
On him who was her joy and pride,
And friends forsake, and misery come,
Yet it will find him by his side:
Perhaps with soothing words of love,
She'll win him back to brightening fame,
If not, and honor's self be lost,
She will not leave him in his shame.

Or, if her child should higher rise,
And write his name in words of light,
Her heart will beat with tender throbs,
Her aged eyes will beam more bright.
Oh! 'tis a holy, sacred thing—
Which strife or envy cannot move,
And burns with constant, steady fire,
A deathless flame, a Mother's Love.

Miscellaneous.

Rules for the Journey of Life.

The following rules, from the papers of Dr. West, according to his memorandum, are thrown together as general way-marks in the journey of life:

Never ridicule sacred things, or what others may esteem as such, however absurd they may appear to you.

Never show levity when people are engaged at worship.

Never to resent a supposed injury till I know the views and motives of the author of it. On no occasion to relate it.

Always to take the part of an absent person who is censured in company, so far as truth and propriety will allow.

Never to think worse of another on account of his differing from me in political or religious subjects.

Not to dispute with a man who is more than seventy years of age, nor with a woman nor any enthusiast.

Not to affect to be witty, or to jest so as to wound the feelings of another.

To say as little as possible of myself and of those that are near me.

To aim at cheerfulness without levity.

Never to court the favor of the rich by flattering either their vanities or their vices.

To speak with calmness and deliberation on all occasions, especially in circumstances, which tend to irritate.

Frequently to review my conduct and note my feelings.

True Philosophy.

I saw a pale mourner stand bending over the tomb, and his tears fell fast and often. As he raised his humid eyes to Heaven, he cried—

"My brother! O, my brother!"

A sage passed that way, and said—

"For whom dost thou mourn?"

"One," replied he, "whom I did not sufficiently love while living, but whose inestimable worth I now feel!"

"What wouldst thou do, if he were restored to thee?"

The mourner replied, "That he would never offend him by any unkind word, but he would take every occasion to show his friendship, if he could but come back to his fond embrace."

"Then waste no time in useless grief," said the sage; "but if thou hast friends, go and cherish the living, remembering that they will die one day also."

Little Kindnesses.—Small acts of kindness; how pleasant & desirable do they make life! Every dark object is made light by them, and every tear of sorrow is brushed away. When the heart is sad, and despondency sits at the entrance of the soul, a trifling kindness drives despair away, and makes the path cheerful and pleasant.

CHILLS & FEVERS—CERTAIN CURE.

A stranger in passing through the lower counties of North Carolina and Virginia, will be struck with the sickly and cadaverous complexions of many of the inhabitants thereof; this is occasioned by their proximity to the swamps and pocosins, whose poisonous exhalations they are constantly breathing, and which forms a fruitful source for that scourge of the lowlands, chills and fever.

A few weeks ago, while riding with a friend, we halted for a few moments at the cabin of a shingle-getter, for the purpose of obtaining water for ourselves and horses; whilst there, we entered into conversation with the proprietor of the premises.

Our first inquiry as to the health of himself and family, was answered, as his appearance indicated, "the chills and fever troubled them occasionally." On further conversation we advised him to procure a medicine that we named; one that had been patented by some physician, and was strongly puffed by the papers as an infallible cure for the ague, and a great renovator of the system.

The man shook his head incredulously. "Stranger," said he, "Doctors may invent and pay editors to write and print about their medicines to cure ague and other diseases—by so doing they have taken many a hard earned dollar from poor men like myself—but they won't get another dollar from me in a hurry! for, sir, I have tried them and their medicines—they won't do down here in the bottoms. Now, sir, you see that boy there?" (pointing to a white-headed, pumpkin-colored lad, whose age ranged somewhere between twelve and twenty,) "well, that boy a month ago was taken by the swamp shakes, and Jehu! they give him gas! Bless your heart, you people who live in town don't know what the real shakes are, but here's the place to see as well as feel them. Why, sir, the very first day Bill shook himself right out of bed and into the ashes, and kept up such a racket, that the old woman hustled me off for a doctor. I found one in town, and he came out with me. Bill, however, was better when we came back, but the doctor stayed with us for he wanted to have a fair chance, he said, to keep off the next attack.

Well, he went to work on the boy, he dosed and he drenched him, as I would have done a horse with the choke—but it did no good—for the next day the boy was down again; this time he not only shook himself out of bed, but clean out of his breeches, and came nigh burning his skin, for he got on the fire. The doctor worked away like blazes, sometimes a tussling with the boy all over the room, knocking over the pans, table, and benches, trying to keep him in bed—but no sooner did he get him there, than out he would come again, with his teeth chattering and hair on end. The doctor fout the varmint the durndest all day, but he couldn't face him—he was badly whipped, certain—I told him he might go. Now, thinks I to myself, I'll try my hand to-morrow, and see how my medicine will act; so as soon as I got up, I went to that chinquepin bush over yonder, and cut me about the allfiredest switch you ever laid your eyes on When I got back, I poked up Bill who was rolled up in bed, and, says I, 'Sonny, sonny, how do you feel yourself this morning?'"

"Why, daddy," says he, rubbing his eyes, "I feel bad enough; that blasted old shakes is coming on, and it's going to give me beans agin."

"Git up, sonny," says I, "come out here in the yard, I want you to help me drive out the old sow, for she's making awful work in our tater patch."

"Bill in a few moments came out, with nothing on but his shirt. As soon as he got well out of the house, I gave him such a wipe around his naked legs, that he jumped about ten feet, yelling like an Injun—"now, my boy," says I, "run!" and away he went around the field like a steam engine. Every time he began to slacken his pace, I applied the chinquepin to his hide. I kept him traveling, you may be sure; every time we came towards the house I pushed him the harder, to keep him from getting in. Bill would only have time to sing out, "Oh, mammy!" when he would dart by out of hearing. Now, the old woman was getting breakfast at the time of the rumpus, and on looking out, got her nature considerably riled at seeing Bill catching it so fast—and the racket he was making led her to think he was nearly give out. On our approaching the house for the fourth heat, she could stand it no longer—but grabbing up the long handled frying pan that was on the fire, full of herrings, out she came. "Blast your picture!" said she, "fight me awhile and let the boy rest." With that she brought down the durned old frying pan, herrings and all, on top of my cocoanut, so hard that it capsized me flat into the hog trough. I didn't care so much for the lick, although it made my head ache for a week afterwards, but one of them hot herring got inside of my shirt, and Je-rusa-lem! how it burnt! It actually branded me before I got it out. Herrings is mighty good generally, but they ain't comfortable as a poultice, no how.—When I got up, Bill had gone into the house, sweating like a stage-horse in July. He ain't been troubled with the shakes since. That's the way I cured him. Stranger, give us a chaw of tobacco."

☞The pimples on a toper's face are an old-fashioned sort of "spiritual manifestation." They cannot be said to come exactly from beyond the grave, but they show that the "medium" is hurrying himself there.

☞Flatterers only lift a man up, as it is said the eagle does the tortoise, to get something by his fall.

Absence of Mind.

We have heard of numerous instances of mental abstraction—most frequently connected with men of great devotion to some particular literary, scientific, or theological investigation, which monopolizes the mental powers. We could point out many individuals who fill the pulpit with ability, and display in their discourses vast powers of intellect, who in a social party carry on some mental exercise which disconnects them from passing events.

In Massachusetts is a clergyman of this class, who in his absent intervals is very likely to appropriate to himself not only whatever handkerchiefs may chance to come in his way, but table napkins also were frequently found in his pocket when returning from social tea-parties at his parishioners. This was so much of a habit, that his wife would search his pockets on his return, for the purpose of restoring the articles speedily to the rightful owner.—One day his wife found in his side pocket a whole silk apron, strings and all. He could give no account how it came there—it was a mysterious affair. A lady of the parish settled the affair satisfactorily. In conversation with her guest after tea, on some subject, in which he felt much interest, he mistook her apron, as she supposed, for his handkerchief, and began to tuck it away in his pocket. Knowing his abstractedness, rather than break the string of the discourse, she untied the apron strings and let it go, not a little amused at seeing the whole, after two or three efforts, snugly stowed away in his capacious pocket.—*Portsmouth Journal.*

Paint Your Houses.

Now is the time for preparation; soon after the heat is over, say in September and October, is the best time to paint. One coat laid in Autumn is equal to two in Summer: the lead dries more evenly, and oil holds it much longer than when spread in hot weather. Paint laid on in Fall weather is more lasting than when put on in the Spring, because the surface becomes hardened through the Winter without exposure to the intense heat of July and August, and is therefore much less likely to suffer from the effects of the ensuing Summer.—Whenever white lead adheres to the hand when rubbed over it, put on a thin coat.—A house once well painted, if lightly coated every third year succeeding, will be more economically painted and kept in better preservation than in any other way. Use none but the best material at any time.—*Worcester Transcript.*

Mummies.

Mr. Buckingham thinks the Catacombs of Egypt contain more human bodies than there are people living on the globe.—These mummies are now destitute of any animal matter. It has all changed into resinous substance or decayed. They are taken from the catacomb to be exported, and to be used for fuel The finest are exported whole as objects of curiosity for museums. Certain parts, as the inside of a head and chest, are sold as a drug, and the back-bone is ground into powder, which is highly prized by artists.

The Middle Ages.—Rude were the manners then; man and wife ate off the same trencher; a few wooden-handled knives, with blades of rugged iron, were a luxury for the great; candles unknown. A servant girl held a torch at supper; one, or at most two, mugs of coarse earthenware formed all the drinking apparatus in a house. Rich gentlemen wore clothes of unlined leather. Ordinary persons scarcely ever touched fresh meat.

Cheaper than Gas Light.—Humboldt, in his travels, relates in some parts of the world (we have not the book at hand, and forget the exact locality,) he found that the natives lighted their cabins at night by placing a number of phosphorescent insects, with which the country abounds, in a calabash, with holes in it. When the light was not quite strong enough, a shake of the calabash would stir up the insects, and produce all the light necessary.

Western Eloquence.—A physician "out West," being called upon to testify in regard to a severe whipping that a woman gave a servant-girl, coolly took off his coat, rolled up his shirt-sleeves, adjusted his specs, and exclaimed—

"Gentlemen of the jury, if a jackass had the skin of an alligator for an overcoat, and a piece of boiler-plate underneath, and that jackass were to be flogged one half as bad as that woman whipped that child, all creation could not save that jackass from dying!"

It is needless to say that the whipped girl got her case.

☞The author of a late book of advice to young men, strongly recommends matrimony as a means of getting on in the world. The "expense" he regards as a secondary consideration. "Be determined to put a stout heart to a steep hill, and go ahead anyhow. All you want to begin with is a room or two, a young woman, and a cooking stove."

☞An old count paid his addresses to one of the richest heiresses of Paris. In asking her hand in marriage he frankly said to her: "Miss B., I am very old and you are very young—will you do me the honor to become my *widow*?"

Keen.—A person threw the head of a goose upon the stage of the Bellerville theatre. Coiro, advancing to the front, said: "Gentlemen, if any one amongst you have lost his head, do not be uneasy, for I will restore it, on the conclusion of the performance."

DODGING THE BILL.

One pleasant morning in June—some two or three years since—four of the crew of the United States ship P——, then lying in the port of R——, obtained permission of the first lieutenant, to have a day on shore.

The roads were in good travelling order, they determined to hire a "team" and run down to B——, a distance of ten miles.—After donning their best rig, they went to a livery stable, hired a phaeton and a span of horses and were soon off in high spirit

Arriving at B——, about one o'clock in the afternoon, they drove to the City Hotel, gave their horses in charge of the hostler, with the injunction to give them a good rubbing down and plenty of grain. They then walked into the hotel, and ordered a private room, with the best dinner the house could afford.

In the course of half an hour, the servant announced their room and dinner was ready. They were shown up stairs to an apartment richly furnished, where the sailors sat down to an entertainment fit for a prince. In fact the poor fellows had never dreamed of the like before.

"Waiter, bring a couple of bottles of champagne—your best"—said Jack Waters, as good a sailor as ever floated this side of "Davy Jones' locker."

After finishing their dinner leisurely, they went down into the bar room, called for cigars, lit them, and told the landlord they were going to take a stroll around the city, and should return about five o'clock.

As it was near six when they got back they determined to set out for R—— immediately, as their word had been given to be on board by nine o'clock.

"But shipmates," said Waters, "you are not going without your supper, are you?"

"Of course not," answered the landlord, who had heard Waters' remark. "Walk right up stairs, gentlemen, you shall be provided for immediately."

"But the expense," said Charlie Brentley, in a low tone.

"Oh, never mind that," returned Jack Waters.

"Come let's go up and have some supper. We shall feel better for it."

The sailors had hardly reached their room when the waiter brought up some hot muffins, preserves, pies, cakes, and other eatables, very palatable to sailors who for the last year had tasted nothing but salt junk and hard bread.

"Waiter, fetch us a bottle of the oldest wine you have in the—"

"The expense," whispered Brentley.

"D—n the expense—waiter bring up the wine"—ordered Waters.

"Now," said Waters, after the waiter had gone, "our bill will be twenty or thirty dollars, which we *cannot* pay."

"Well, what do you propose to do?" asked Brentley, ready for any emergency.

"That's just the question I was about to ask you," returned Waters.

"Why the d—l did you order the supper and wine, when you knew there was not a 'shot in the locker,' to pay for what we had already."

"Thunder and guns, man, you might as well be "locked up" for a large debt, as a small one But stop—I believe I've a plan which, if well managed, may help us away from this landshark of a landlord."

"What is it?" asked Brentley.

"It is this, I will have the carriage bro't up to the door, and order our bill. When the waiter brings it, I will take it, put my hand in my pocket as though I were going to pay it. You Charlie snatch the bill out of my hand and say you intend to pay the bills. You, Maxwell, claim it your privilege to pay all expenses—and you, Frank, do the same. Then, Brentley, throw off your jacket and threaten to whip the crowd unless you are allowed to pay; after that accede to any proposition I shall make.—Follow these instructions and leave the rest to me."

At this moment the waiter entered with the wine.

"Waiter, have our horses brought to the door, and when they are ready bring us our bill."

"Yes, sir."

"What do you intend to do, Jack," asked Brentley. "Knock down the waiter, seize the bill, rush out, jump into the carriage and—"

"No, nothing of the kind," interrupted Waters. "On the contrary, I shall make the waiter a present of half a dollar for the attention he has paid us. However, all remember your parts, and we will slip our cables, and be off at the rate of forty miles an hour."

When the waiter returned, the company had just finished their last glass of wine.

"Ah," said Waters, "have you the bill?"

"Yes, sir," said the waiter, handing it to him.

"Nineteen dollars and fifty cents. All right, there is a half a dollar for you, sir—are our horses at the door?"

"Yes, sir, all ready."

"Stop!" exclaimed Brentley, as Waters thrust his hand into his pocket. "I'll pay the bill." At the same time snatching the bill out of his hand.

"Curse me if you do, though," said Maxwell. "That's my privilege."

"Look here, shipmates," said Brentley, at the same time throwing off his jacket and doubling up his fists, "I don't want to quarrel with you; but the first mother's son that says he'll pay the bill, shiver my timbers, if I don't spile his lowmacle lights in less than no time."

"Stop, stop," interrupted Waters—we will have no quarreling about it. Let the waiter be blindfolded, and the first one he catches shall pay the bill. Will you agree to it, shipmates?"

Waters gave the wink, and they consented to settle the dispute in that way.

While Brentley was tying the napkin round the waiter's eyes, Waters took the receipt which lay on the table, and put it away. Then going to the door, he softly lifted the latch, swung the door open and motioned them out.

"Now," said he, "we are all ready. The first one you catch, hold on to him—don't let him get away from you"—and Waters softly closed the door, and proceeded down stairs with the others. Just as they reached the bottom they were met by the landlord.

"Have you got your bill, gentlemen?" he asked.

"Yes, sir," said Waters, showing him the receipt.

"All right, gentlemen—the next time you are around, give us a call."

"We shall do so, sir," returned Waters.

The next moment they were in their carriage, and soon out of sight.

A few minutes after they had gone, the landlord had occasion to go up stairs, and was surprised to hear a tremendous noise coming from the room lately occupied by the four sailors.

Opening the door he was struck dumb with astonishment. There lay the table on its side—chairs turned upside down, glasses broke, bottles rolling around the floor—and the waiter with eyes bandaged and outstretched arms, dodging this way and that, as if endeavoring to catch some one.

"Wha—wha—" the old gentleman was unable to speak from astonishment.

"I hear you," said the waiter, & he made a dive at the landlord, clasping him in his arms, with a hug that would have crushed a bear. "I've got you," he exclaimed—as the landlord struggled to get away. "*Now old fellow, you've got to pay the bill!*" and clinging like a vice with one hand, with the other he pulled off the bandage from his eyes.

☞A young lady at Newport, who was about leaving the "gay and festive scene" which the parlors of the "Ocean" presented, with the intention of retiring for the night, turned to her friend and remarked: "Well, Mary, I've done my duty; I have seen all the clothes, and every body has seen mine, so I shall now go up stairs.—Good night." What could be more graphic? The very mottos of a fashionable watering-place—to see and to be seen!—*Newport Mercury.*

☞One of the witnesses in a case on trial at Boston lately, a lady, was saying that she expected, on going to the house, to find the lady a maniac. "Instead of that," said the counsel, "you found her clothed in her right mind?" "Why," said the witness, "she *had her clothes on.*"

☞*Gent.*—"My good woman, how much is that goose?"

Market-woman.—"Well, you may have them two at seven shillin'."

Gent.—"But I only want one."

Woman.—"Can't help it; ain't a-goin' to sell one without the other. Them 'ere geese, to my certain knowledge, hev been together more'n fifteen years, and I ain't a-goin' to be so unfeelin' as to separate 'em now."

A Courteous Gentleman.—"I do not wish to say anything against the individual in question," said a quiet man, "but I would merely remark, in the language of the poet, that, to him, 'truth is strange, stranger than fiction.'"

How to Mark Convicts.—A resolution has been introduced into the Kentucky Legislature, which provides "that the keeper of the Penitentiary shall procure a suitable chemical dye, such as will stain the cuticle or outer surface of the skin perfectly black, so that it cannot be washed off, or in any way removed until time shall wear it away, and nature furnish a new cuticle or surface, and that with this dye he shall have the noses of each male convict painted thoroughly black, and renew the application as may be necessary to keep it so, until within one month of the expiration of his sentence, when it shall be discontinued, for the purpose of permitting nature to restore the feature to its original hue, preparatory to the second advent of its owner into the world."

☞A patent for a smokeless furnace has been recently secured by Mr. Lee Stevens. The invention consists in an arrangement by which the [illegible] the fire-box, falling on a grate underneath, are there turned to account in heating a current of air, which passing into the furnace, prevents the generation of smoke. Two favorable examples of the working of the patent have been exhibited, and gave great satisfaction to those who witnessed them. The arrangement is applicable to all furnaces, and involves only a trifling expense. It has the advantage of striking at the root of the smoke nuisance, and preventing instead of curing it.

Curious Discovery.—The Corriere Mercantile of Genoa quotes a letter of the 15th, mentioning the discovery at Pompeii of three human skeletons, evidently belonging to one family, together with that of a dog. The postures in which they were found lead to the presumption that they were engaged in flight at the time of the eruption, but were overtaken by the lava, the dog refusing to leave his master. They had bags of gold and silver coin with them; one of the skeletons still displaying rings and ornaments, was that of a young girl, probably the daughter of the fugitives.

☞Sinful pleasure is like a bee—honey in its mouth, but a sting in its tail.

Immortality of Man.

Why is it that the rainbow and the cloud come over us, with a beauty that is not of earth, and then pass away and leave us to muse on their faded loveliness? Why is it that the stars which hold their festival around their midnight throne, are set above the grasp of our limited faculties, forever mocking us with unapproachable glory?—And why is it that forms of human beauty are presented to our view and taken from us, leaving the thousand streams of affection to flow back in Alpine torrents upon our heart? We are born for a higher destiny than that of earth. There is a realm where the rainbow never fades, where the stars will set out before us like Islands that slumber on the ocean, and where the beautiful being that now passes before us like the meteor, will stay in our presence forever.

☞A writer in a recent number of the New York Tribune asserts that a large proportion of the Wheat threshed by the usual power machines, is ruined for all seeding purposes, by having the root sprout torn off. He thinks also that the largest and finest grains are the ones thus destroyed.—"We believe," says he, "that every grain which is fairly struck by one of the teeth of the threshing machine has its germinating power destroyed, even when it shows no external breakage." It appears to be generally believed that the grains of wheat now produced are not as full and plump as they used to be, and also that it takes more seed to produce a given quantity on the same quality of soil than it did thirty years ago. If the above opinion is a correct one, this degeneracy is easily accounted for. In any view of the case, the thing is certainly worth inquiring into."

☞A certain Sunday school teacher was in the practice of taking up a collection in his juvenile class for missionary objects every Sunday; and his box received scores of pennies which might otherwise have found their way to the drawers of the confectioner and toy man. He was not a little surprised, however, one Sunday, to find a bank bill crushed in among the weight of copper. He was not long in finding it to be of a broken bank; and on asking the class who put it there, the donor was soon pointed out to him by his class-mates, who had seen him deposit it, and thought it a very benevolent gift. "Didn't you know that this bill was good for nothing?" said the teacher. "Yes," answered the boy. "Then what did you put it in the box for?" "I didn't 'spose the *little heathen* would know the difference, and so it would be just as good for them."

A Whistler.

A boy in Vermont accustomed to work alone, was so prone to whistling, that soon as he was by himself he unconsciously commenced. When asleep, the muscles of his mouth, chest, and lungs were completely concatenated in the association; he whistled with astonishing shrillness. A pale countenance, loss of appetite, and almost total prostration of strength, convinced his mother that it would end in death, if not speedily overcome; which was accomplished by placing him in the society of another boy, who had orders to give him a blow as soon as he began to whistle.

Maine Liquor Law.

We acknowledge ourselves quite astonished, at the almost silent, but certain progress with which this question is advancing in favor with the people of Virginia. County after county is wheeling into ranks, and refusing license to retail ardent spirits—and the question of the passage of a law prohibiting the sale of liquor as a beverage, which was regarded one year ago as an impossibility in this State, by even the friend of Temperance, is now advocated with a good deal of zeal, by many who are not connected with any of the temperance movements of the day.

[*Guyandotte (Va.) Herald.*

What is Law Like?

Law is like a country dance—people are led up and down till they are fairly tired out. Law is a book for surgery—there are a great many uncommon cases in it. It is like physic too—they who take the least of it are the best off. Law is like a new fashion—the people are bewitched to get into it; and, like bad weather, most people are glad to get out of it.

☞At a table d'hote, at Cologne, a manufacturer of Sheffield, who spoke nothing but English, was seated next to a German lady, who did not speak it at all. Handing her a plate of peaches, he said, "Have a peach, marm?" "*Nein,*" (no) she replied. "*Nine?*" said he, stating with astonishment, first at her and then at the other guests. "Why, marm, there's only six in the dish; but there they are for you," at the same time rolling them upon her plate.

☞Aunt Mary, whilst going along the street the other day, saw, over a tailor's door, a sign bearing the inscription, "Fountain of Fashion." "Ah!" exclaimed she, "that must be the place where SQUIRTS come from," at the same time casting a malignant squint at a couple of young men with incipient whiskers and standing collars. A woman of great perception is our Aunt Mary.

☞We were amused at the ready reply of an Irish drayman, who was engaged in a dispute with a steamboat clerk. The latter finally told him to go to "the place where the bad darkies go." "Sure," was the prompt reply, "it's little chance I stand to get in without a ticket from your honor." The debate closed.

Titles.

In a letter addressed by General Charles Lee, of the Revolutionary Army, to Patrick Henry, he says:

"There is a barbarism crept in among us that shocks me extremely. I mean those tinsel epithets with which we are bespattered; his Excellency and his Honor; the Honorable President of some Honorable convention. This fulsome nauseating cant may be well enough adapted to barbarous monarchies, or to gratify the unadulterated pride of the magnifidi in pompous aristocracies; but, in a great, free, manly commonwealth, it is quite abominable. For my own part, I would as lief chew bitter aloes as be crammed with your Excellency, with which I am daily pestered. How much more true dignity was there in the simplicity of address among the Romans: Marcus Tullius Cicero, Decimo Bruto Inspiratori, or Caio Marcelio Consuli, than in his Excellency Major General Noodle, or the the Honorable John Doodle. My objections are perhaps trivial and whimsical, but I cannot help stating them. Therefore, should I sometimes address you without tacking on "your Excellency," you must not esteem it a mark of personal or official disrespect, but the reverse."

Gen. Lee would find in the present age abundant materials for his satirical pen.—We seem to have more than made up for the loss of noble titles by the abundance of others within the reach of Republican invention. We have not given up the title of "Excellency," and as for "Honorable," we are "all, all honorable men." The next step will be to confer the title of Excellency and Honorable on the wives of Presidents and Judges; for, why should the fair sex be excluded from the benefits of an ambitious aristocracy?

Christian Missionaries in China.—A recent number of the Chinese Repository contains a carefully prepared schedule of the missionaries of the several societies who have been engaged in the Chinese Mission, from the arrival of Dr. Morrison, in 1807, to the close of last year, from which it appears that the total number is one hundred and fifty, of whom seventy-three are now in China, and five are absent on account of health, and for other reasons. Of the remaining seventy-two, twenty-five died in the field of labor, or on the passage home, including four who were drowned, and three who met with a violent death at the hands of the natives. Forty-eight have retired, most of them on account of their own ill-health, or that of their families, but some of them through discouragement at the little progress they made in learning the Chinese language. Of the whole number, forty-seven were Englishmen, eighty-eight Americans, fifteen being from the Continent. Of the missionaries now in China, including the five now absent, twenty-three are Englishmen, five are from the Continent, and forty-four are Americans. Most of those from the Continent are Lutherans; but the members of the mission at Amoy, sent out from the United States, belong to the Reformed Dutch Church. The Russian Mission has a large Monastery in Pekin, China, and the members of it remain there for ten years, when they are replaced by a fresh party from Russia.

☞A subterranean powder magazine in the neighborhood of Otschakow, in Russia, and in which 169,000 kilogrammes of powder were deposited, blew up a short time since with a terrific explosion. A soldier who was on guard was knocked to pieces, and an old man who lived near the place was killed by the falling of a stone on his head. The roofs of houses and the churches in the town were seriously injured by the falling of stones, and an immense number of windows were broken. The shock was so great that in the fortress of Kinburn, upwards of five miles from Otschakow, all the windows in the house of the commandant were broken.

French Incident.—"A married couple," says the Paris Gazette, "after living together on bad terms for some time, resolved, a few days ago, to separate. They sold off all their furniture; but, finding that the sum it realized was not very important, they proposed to commit suicide; and they went to the Canal St. Martin to execute the design. The husband leaped in first, but after a while, being a capital swimmer, he raised his head above water, and perceived his wife standing quietly on the bank, watching him. He began abusing her, and said that, according to their agreement, she ought to drown herself. Instead, however, of complying, she accused him of intending to let her drown whilst he saved himself by swimming. He called on her to plunge in at once, without any more talk; but she refused. Thereupon he got out of the water, and gave her a tremendous thrashing. Some persons, who came up, went to seek the guard, and the loving pair were arrested. On being questioned they made the facts known.

Curious Forgeries.—A man named Van Hovenburg, has been arrested in New York on the charge of forging decrees of divorces, which he professed to have obtained from the proper Courts, for persons who made application to him. In one case he obtained $75 from a lady for a decree divorcing her from her husband, who had deserted her and gone to California.

☞The National Intelligencer gives the following recipe:

"Three spoonfuls of brandy make one cocktail, three cocktails one *go*, three *goes* one spree, three *sprees* a fight with the night police and one visit to the watch-house.—Cut this out and paste it in your hat."

Newspaper ARCHIVE.com

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An act to regulate the General Elections of this Commonwealth," enacted on the 2d of July, 1839, it is enjoined on me to give Public Notice of such Election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: "I, JOHN SCOTT, Sheriff of the County of Adams, do, therefore, hereby give this Public notice to the Electors of the said County of Adams, that a

GENERAL ELECTION

will be held in said county, on the *Second Tuesday of October next, (the 11th,)* in the several Districts composed of the following Townships, viz:

In the First district, composed of the Borough of Gettysburg and the township of Cumberland, at the Court-house in Gettysburg.

In the Second district, composed of the township of Germany, at the house now occupied by Levi Creps, in the town of Littlestown, in the township of Germany.

In the Third district, composed of the township of Oxford, at the house of Widow Miley, in the town of New Oxford.

In the Fourth district, composed of the townships of Latimore and Huntington, at the house of Jonathan B. Chronister, in the township of Huntington.

In the Fifth district, composed of the townships of Hamiltonban and Liberty, at the public School-house in Millerstown.

In the Sixth district, composed of the township of Hamilton, at the house now occupied by David Newcomer, in the town of Berlin.

In the Seventh district, composed of the township of Menallen, in the public School-house in the town of Bendersville.

In the Eighth district, composed of the township of Straban, at the house of Jacob L. Grass, in Hunterstown.

In the Ninth district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house now occupied by Henry Hartman, in said township.

In the Tenth district, composed of the township of Conowago, at the house of John Busbey, in McSherrystown.

In the Eleventh district, composed of the township of Tyrone, at the house of Samuel Sadler, in Heidlersburg.

In the Twelfth district, composed of the township of Mountjoy, at the house of George Snyder, in said township.

In the Thirteenth district, composed of the township of Mountpleasant, at the house of Anthony Smith, in said township, situate at the cross-roads, the one leading from Oxford to the Two Taverns, the other from Hunterstown to Hanover.

In the Fourteenth district, composed of the township of Reading, at the house of Henry Miller, in Hampton.

In the Fifteenth district, composed of the Borough and township of Berwick, at the public School-house in Abbottstown.

In the Sixteenth district, composed of the township of Freedom, at the house of Nicholas Moritz, in said township.

In the Seventeenth district, composed of the township of Union, at the house of Enoch Lefever, in said township.

In the Eighteenth district, composed of the township of Butler, at the public School-house in Middletown, in said township.

At which time and places will be elected

One Canal Commissioner;
One Auditor General;
One Surveyor General;
One Judge of the Supreme Court;
One Member of the Senate of Pennsylvania, for Adams and Franklin Counties;
One Member of Assembly;
One Commissioner;
One County Auditor;
One Director of the Poor;
One County Treasurer;
One County Surveyor; and
One District Attorney.

Particular attention is directed to the Act of Assembly, passed the 27th day of February, 1849, entitled "An act relative to voting at elections of Adams, Dauphin, York, Lancaster, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene, and Erie, viz:

"Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same—that it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of the counties of Adams, Lancaster, Dauphin, York, Franklin, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene, and Erie, from and after the passage of this act, to vote for all candidates for the various offices to be filled at any election on one slip or ticket: Provided, The office for which every candidate is voted for, shall be designated, as required by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

"Section 2. That any fraud committed by any person voting in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished by the existing laws of this Commonwealth."

Attention is also directed to the following section of the Act of the General Assembly of the session of 1851, entitled "An act to provide for the election of Judges of the several Courts of this Commonwealth."

Section 4. That the election for Judges shall be held and conducted in the several election districts in the same manner in all respects as elections for representatives are or shall be held and conducted, and by the same judges, inspectors, and other officers; and the provisions of the act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, and its several supplements, and all other like laws, as far as the same shall be in force and applicable, shall be deemed and taken to apply to the election for judges: Provided, That the aforesaid electors shall vote for judges of the Supreme Court on a separate piece of paper.

ALSO—In and by virtue of the 14th section of the act aforesaid, every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer, or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is, or shall be, employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any City, or Commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

ALSO—That in the fourth section of the act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to executions, and for other purposes," approved April 16, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be construed, as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer, from serving as judge, inspector or clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

And in and by an Act of the General Assembly of the State, passed the 20 day of July, 1839, it is directed that the Inspectors and Judges be at the places of their districts on the day of the General Election aforesaid, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to do and perform the several duties required and enjoined on them in and by the same act.

And be it further directed, in and by the act of the General Assembly of the State, aforesaid, that one of the Judges of each of the different districts aforesaid, who shall have the charge of the certificate of the number of votes which shall have been given for each candidate for the different offices then & there voted for at their respective districts, shall meet on the third day after their election, which shall be on *Friday the 14th of October* aforesaid, at the Court-house, in the Borough of Gettysburg, then and there to make a fair statement and certificate of the number of votes, which shall have been given at the different districts in the county of Adams, for any person or persons for the offices aforesaid.

JOHN SCOTT, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Sept. 12, 1853. } 6t

MASS MEETINGS

OF the friends of a Prohibitory Liquor Law, which is to be submitted to the people for their adoption, will be held in the following places, and addressed by the Rev. Mr. WEAVER, from the East, and others.—Come one, come all, and hear and judge for yourselves. At

Littlestown, on	Monday the 26th, inst.,	at 2 o'clock, P. M.
M'Sherrystown,	"	7
New Oxford,	27th,	2
Abbottstown,	"	7
East Berlin,	28th,	2
Petersburg,	"	7
Heidlersburg,	29th,	2
Hampton,	"	7
Hunterstown,	30th,	2
Middletown,	"	7
Bendersville,	Oct. 1,	2

And, *on Thursday the 6th of October*, there will be a Mass Meeting in Gettysburg, addressed by Mr. VAN WAGNER, and the Rev. Mr. HILL, in the BIG TENT.

By order of the County Committee,
S. S. SCHMUCKER, *Pres't.*
W. W. PAXTON, *Sec'y.*

FIVE TEACHERS WANTED.

THE School Directors of Union township will meet at the public School-house near Mr. Shilt's, *on Saturday the 1st of October next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to receive proposals from Teachers to take charge of the several Schools in said township.

By order of the Board,
JACOB MARSHALL, *Secy.*
Sept. 12. td

TEACHERS WANTED.

THE School Directors of Mountpleasant township, will meet at Brush Run School-house, in said township, *on Saturday the 1st of October next*, at 12 o'clock, M., to employ TEACHERS for the different Schools in said township. RICHARD ADAMS, *Sec'y.*
Sept. 5. 3t

Three Teachers Wanted.

THE School Directors of Hamilton township will meet at the Public School-house, in the town of East Berlin, on *Saturday the 1st of October next*, to receive proposals from Teachers to take charge of the Town Schools.

By order of the Board.
B. HILDEBRAND. *Sec'y.*
Sept. 19. td

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of York county, to make distribution of the proceeds of sale of the Real Estate of FRANCIS GROVE and JOHN GROVE, in the hands of the Sheriff of York county, will attend for that purpose, at his office in the Borough of York, *on Saturday the 1st day of October next*, at 9 o'clock, A. M. E. CHAPIN.
Sept. 5. 3t

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the "BANK OF GETTYSBURG," intend to make application to the next Legislature for a renewal of their Charter, under the style of the "Bank of Gettysburg"—with banking privileges, and same capital, rights and privileges they now enjoy.

By order of the Board,
GEORGE SWOPE, *Pres't.*
June 20. 6m

For Sale, Cheap,

A good second-hand *Family Carriage.*—Inquire at this office.
June 27. tf

For the Ladies.

ALL the latest and most fashionable styles of SHOES, GAITERS and SLIPPERS. ☞Warranted, well made, at
June 6.] KELLER KURTZ'S.

Look Out!

THE subscriber hereby gives notice to those who have promised him WOOD on account, that he is in want of it, and that unless it is delivered forthwith, without further notice, the Accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection, and the money required. T. WARREN.
Dec. 27. tf

AN APPRENTICE

TO the COACH-SMITHING Business is wanted by the subscribers. One coming well recommended, may obtain a good situation by making application to

HAMERSLY & FREY.
Gettysburg, April 18. tf

LAND WARRANTS.

I wish to purchase a number of *Land Warrants*, for which I will pay a fair price, in Cash. D. MIDDLECOFF.
April 11. tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to us by Note or Book account, will please call without delay, as it is absolutely necessary that all accounts should be settled at least once a year.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.
Jan. 3. tf

Farmers, Look Here!

CALL at KURTZ's Cheap Corner for Grain Cradles, made by Stickel & Fuss, Greencastle, Pa. [June 20.

SUB-SOIL PLOUGHS,

OF the best quality, always on hand, and for sale, in Gettysburg, at the Foundry of
T. WARREN & SON.

LONG SHAWLS and DRESS GOODS, a new supply just received, and for sale very cheap, by S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.
Jan. 3. *Sign of the Red Front.*

ALBUMS! ALBUMS! A splendid assortment of Albums, at various prices, just received direct from New York at
June 6. KELLER KURTZ'S.

TRUNKS!—A general assortment of Trunks, for sale, very cheap at SAMSON'S.

WINDOW BLINDS!—A new assortment of Window Blinds, Imitation of Oil Blinds, just arrived at the well-known Store of
June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

CALICOES.—The largest and best selected lot of Calicoes that has been in town for some time, of every style, from 6¼ cents up to 14 cts., can be had at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner. The Ladies will call and see them.

BERIGES & DELAINES—a beautiful assortment, all styles, to be had at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

BONNETS, Ribbons and Flowers, a large assortment of the different styles, to be found at SCHICK'S.

THE SHADY SIDE, or Life in a Country Parsonage, by a Pastor's wife. Just published and for sale at KELLER KURTZ'S Bookstore.

FOR SALE,

A VERY SUPERIOR

STEAM ENGINE,

20 HORSE-POWER, with a Flue Boiler 30 feet long, 3 feet in diameter, and all the necessary fixtures complete, all new, and of the first order, having run about six months—also one of

Gardner's Patent Clover Hullers,

new, with the right of Five Townships. Inquire at this Office.
July 18. 4t

NEW COACH FACTORY,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the Public that they have entered into Partnership, under the name, style and title of HAMERSLY & FREY, to carry on

COACH-MAKING,

in all its branches, and are prepared to furnish to order, on reasonable terms, all kinds of COACHES, ROCKAWAY, BOAT-BODY & JERSEY CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c., manufactured by the best of workmen, and which, for finish and durability, will challenge comparison with any manufactured in this place.

The undersigned are also prepared to attend to REPAIRING in all branches of the business, at the shortest notice.

WM. W. HAMERSLY,
J. G. FREY.
March 7. 1y

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

WM. FRAZER

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has taken the stand recently occupied by his brother (Alexander Frazer), in Chambersburg street, opposite the Lutheran Church, where he is prepared to REPAIR and CLEAN

Clocks, Watches, &c.,

on reasonable terms. All work will be insured.

☞Also, on hand a variety of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &c., which will be sold low.
Gettysburg, May 9. tf

Boots, Shoes, & Hats.

THE undersigned has enlarged his Store room, and has added to his present business, BOOTS, SHOES, & HATS, such as first-rate fine Moleskin, Kossuth, Hungarian, Lady Franklin, Stiff Brim, soft and hard tops, (latest style) Brush, Manilla, Palm, &c. Buff, Calf and Kip Boots, Black and Bronze top Monterey, Goat and Calf Monroe Shoes, all of which he has bought for cash, and will sell very cheap. I respectfully invite my friends and customers to examine my stock before purchasing. MARCUS SAMSON.
May 9. tf

WALL PAPER.

Over 10,000 Pieces in Store!

FROM 6 Cents per piece and upwards, including fine Satins, Gold, Velvets, imitation of Woods, Marbles, &c.

ALSO, a great variety of new styles of Curtain Papers, Fire Board Prints, Borders, &c., all of which will certainly be sold at the very lowest cash prices. Call and see, at the cheap Bookstore of KELLER KURTZ.
June 6. tf

"TAKE MY HAT."

M. SAMSON, having added a new feature to his business, is prepared to offer to the public a choice assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES. Having purchased entirely for cash, he is enabled to sell at astonishingly low prices. Call at the cheap store of M. SAMSON.
May 2. tf

To the Public.

THE Subscriber desires to call the attention of the Citizens of Adams County, to his extensive stock of

Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Porte Monnaies, Perfumery, Brushes, Combs, &c.—also, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps,

which for variety and cheapness, he defies all competition in this or any of the neighboring Counties. ☞Call and see, at the South East Corner of Centre Square.
June 6.] KELLER KURTZ.

FITS! FITS! FITS!

THE VEGETABLE EXTRACT

EPILEPTIC PILLS,

For the cure of Fits, Spasms, Cramps, and all Nervous and Constitutional Diseases.

PERSONS WHO ARE LABORING UNDER this distressing malady, will find the VEGETABLE EPILEPTIC PILLS to be the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy, or Falling Fits.

These pills possess a specific action on the Nervous system; and, although they are prepared especially for the purpose of curing Fits, they will be found of especial benefit for all persons afflicted with weak nerves, or whose nervous system has been prostrated or shattered from any cause whatever. In chronic complaints, or diseases of long standing, superinduced by nervousness, they are exceedingly beneficial.

Price $3 per box, or two boxes for $5. Persons out of the city, enclosing a remittance, will have the Pills sent them through the mail, free of postage. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, No. 108 BALTIMORE STREET, Baltimore, Md., to whom orders from all parts of the Union, must be addressed, post paid.
May 23. 1y

LEE & RINGLAND'S

(Late Church, Lee & Ringland's,)

LUMBER YARD

AND

STEAM SAW-MILL,

ON THE YORK AND CUMBERLAND RAILROAD,

NEW CUMBERLAND, PA.

☞A large supply of all kinds of Lumber always on hand, wholesale and retail. Bills sawed to order at the shortest notice.

N. B. Lumber can be delivered by rail at any point on the Cumberland Valley Rail Road, Hanover, York, Baltimore, and intermediate places.
May 30. 9m

KENTUCKY JEANS & TWEEDS—any variety of color and style, for the season, at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

BONNETS, Ribbons, and Parasols, a fine assortment, and very cheap, at
April 25. MIDDLECOFF'S.

LADIES are invited to call and see the finest article of DRESS SHOE that has ever been in this market.
April 25. W. W. PAXTON.

DICTIONARY of DOMESTIC MEDICINE and HOUSEHOLD SURGERY, by Spencer Thomas, M. D., and Henry H. Smith M. D. This is an entire new work, highly recommended by the medical Faculty. For sale at the cheap Book and Stationery Store of KELLER KURTZ.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just opened a fresh supply of SEASONABLE GOODS, comprising a general assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

to which the early and particular attention of persons wanting cheap goods is again respectfully invited. D. MIDDLECOFF.
April 25. tf

Spring and Summer Clothing.

THE subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform his Customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from the Cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and N. York, with one of the largest, cheapest and best selected stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, ever offered in this county, and is determined to sell them at prices that cannot fail to give entire satisfaction to all who favor him with a call. You can rely on it, that my stock of Spring and Summer Clothing was bought at the right time, at the right place, and at right prices. MARCUS SAMSON.
April 18. tf

CLOTHING—CLOTHING.

ABR'M ARNOLD has now on hand, and is constantly making up, *Ready-made Clothing*, of all sizes and qualities, which he will dispose of on more reasonable terms than any CLOTHING STORE or SLOP SHOP in the Town or County.

☞Call and see—he defies all competition.
March 28. tf

Hardware.

THE Largest assortment of Hardware, Saddlery, Paints, Oils, Dye-stuffs ever offered, will be sold on better terms than can be had elsewhere. Purchasing from the manufacturers, we feel confident that we can offer inducements to purchasers to give us a call and examine our stock.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.
May 30. *Sign of the Red Front.*

WANTED, Customers to purchase a superior lot of Black French Doeskin Cassimere Pants, Fancy Cassimeres of every description, Cassinet Pants of every shade and quality, together with any amount of Velvet Cords, Linens, Cottons, &c., at the one-price Store of SAMSON.

LUTHERAN HYMN BOOKS.—A very large assortment of Lutheran Hymn Books, bound in every style of binding, just received at the cheap Bookstore of
June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

GENTLEMEN can be furnished with Drawers, Shirts, Shirt-collars, Suspenders, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Socks, Gloves, Umbrellas, Canes, and in fact every thing in the furnishing line at SAMSON'S.

FINE Muslin de Bege for 25 cts.; Barege de Laine for 12½ cts.; Lawns for a fip—with a very choice selection of *Dress Goods*, at prices greatly below the usual rates, can now be had at MIDDLECOFF'S.

KNICK KNACKS from an Editor's Table, by L. Gaylord Clark, just published by the Appletons, and for sale at
June 6. KELLER KURTZ'S.

GROCERIES & QUEENSWARE very cheap at FAHNESTOCK'S.

PARASOLS.—The Ladies will please call at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner, and see a large and well selected lot of PARASOLS—among them large sizes.

VIOLINS & ACCORDIONS.—Desirous of disposing of my present stock of the above articles, I will sell them very low.
April 18. MARCUS SAMSON.

CARPET BAGS.—You will find a very large assortment of Carpet Bags at SAMSON'S One-price Store. They were bought at Auction, and will be sold cheaper than any other establishment dare to sell them.

HARPER for June, illustrated by more than 100 engravings. A new volume commenced—125,000 copies printed. Now is the time to subscribe at KURTZ'S Book store.

SATTINET, VELVET, and a great variety of Pant Goods for Men and Boys, at the Cheap Corner of KURTZ'S.

STACKS OF THEM.—We have just received a splendid assortment of VESTS—such as Black and Fancy Satins, Cloth, Cassimeres, Tweeds, &c., which will be sold very low at SAMSON'S.

BONNETS.—A very large lot of Bonnets, of the latest styles, to please the most fastidious, at very low rates—to be had at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

MORE NEW GOODS, received and opened this day, at FAHNESTOCK'S.
May 30. *Sign of the Red Front.*

GERMAN REFORMED HYMN BOOKS. Another new supply of Hymn Books, of the German Reformed Church, has just been received at KURTZ'S Bookstore.

LADIES' Dress Goods, Berage De Laines, Croton Lustre, Mous De Laines, Lawns &c., will be sold cheaper at FAHNESTOCK'S than they can be had elsewhere.

UMBRELLAS.—A very large assortment, all kinds and sizes, from 37½ cents up,—at KURTZ'S.

CHILDREN'S SHOES, the best assortment in town, at K. KURTZ'S.

GROCERIES, of all kinds and fresh, to be had as low as the market affords, at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

BUFF VESTS.—A splendid lot of Buff Vests just received, and for sale cheap at SAMSON'S.

GENTLEMEN are invited to call and see a beautiful BEAVER HAT, also Silk, Felt, Kossuth, Citizens', Braid, and Panama Hats for summer. W. W. PAXTON.

BLACK Silk, Black Silk Nett Fringe, Mohair and Silk Mitts, just received, and for sale cheap at S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans, Italian Cloths & Vestings cheap at S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

QUEENSWARE, in all its varieties and styles, cheap at KURTZ'S Corner.

CLOTHS & CASSIMERES, of every description, color and style, which we will sell low. Call and see them at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

TELL your Friends, that MARCUS SAMSON has just received and opened a choice lot of Black, Blue, and Green Cloth Frock and Dress Coats—Cassimeres, Cashmerets, Tweeds, Linens, Cottons, &c.—and will dispose of them at the lowest living rates.

TELL your Friends and Neighbors, and come yourselves, and see the very large and fine assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, that has just been received by
April 25. W. W. PAXTON.

METHODIST HYMN BOOKS, bound in the best Turkey Morocco binding, Imitation of Turkey, Sheep, &c. for sale at the lowest cash rates at the cheap Bookstore of
June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

CLOCKS & JEWELRY.—You will find the above articles for sale, very cheap, at the One-price Store of SAMSON.

NEW GOODS.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS

HAVE just returned from the Cities with one of the largest and most desirable stock of

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

ever offered to the public. Having selected them with care, we feel assured that we can offer to those who favor us with their patronage, as choice and desirable an assortment, both as regards style, quality, or price, as has ever been brought to this market. Having purchased most of our goods from the manufacturers, we are determined to sell at astonishingly low prices, believing that the old motto, relying to small profits and quick sales, is true to the letter. Knowing that our stock will compare favorably with any in the county, we invite the attention of those about purchasing, confident that Bargains such as are rarely offered, can be secured by giving us an early call. Our extensive assortment, consisting of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Queensware, and Hardware,

of every variety, and at prices to suit purchasers, should be examined before purchasing elsewhere. We deem it needless to enumerate articles, as our stock comprises every article in our line. ☞Call early and select from the new Stock at the sign of the *RED FRONT.*

FAHNESTOCK & SONS.
April 4. tf

MORE NEW GOODS.

THE RICHEST & BEST ASSORTMENT OF

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

For Gentlemen's Wear,

EVER OPENED IN GETTYSBURG!

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH

TAKE pleasure in calling the attention of their friends and the public to their extensive stock of Fashionable Goods for Gentlemen's wear, just received from the city, which, for variety of style, beauty of finish, and superior quality, *challenges comparison* with any other stock in the place. Our assortment of

Cloths, plain and fancy Tweeds and Cassimeres, Vestings, Satinets, Over Coatings, &c., &c.

CAN'T BE BEAT! Give us a call, and examine for yourselves. We have purchased our stock carefully, and with a desire to please the tastes of all, from the most practical to the most fastidious.

☞TAILORING, in all its branches, attended to as heretofore, with the assistance of good workmen.

☞The FASHIONS for Fall and Winter have been received.
Gettysburg, Dec. 13. tf

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of DAVID ZIEGLER, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel,

GROCERIES,

CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS,

Springs, Axles, Saddlery,

CEDAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,

Paints, Oils, & Dye-Stuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business—to which they invite the attention of Coach makers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoemakers, Saddlers, and the public generally.

Our Stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased any where

☞We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, June 9. tf

FRESH ARRIVAL.

One of the Largest and Prettiest Stocks of

FANCY & STAPLE GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS PLACE!

J. L. SCHICK has just returned from the Eastern Cities with his Spring Stock of FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS, which he invites the public to examine, at his new location, *south west corner of the Diamond.* He feels confident that he can please every taste, in style, quality, quantity and price. His assortment comprises

Black and Fancy Silks,

Satins, Barege de Laines, Mous. de Laines, Lawns; Swiss, Jaconet and Cambric Muslins; Ginghams, Calicoes, Trimmings;

CANTON CRAPE SHAWLS,

a splendid article; Bonnets, Ribbons & Flowers; Gloves, Hosiery, Irish Linens, Muslins, and hundreds of other articles in this line. Also,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cashmeretts,

Italian Cloth, Tweeds, Cottonades, Linen Checks, plain and fancy Vestings, &c., &c.

☞Call and examine for yourselves, at the south west corner of the public square, and if you don't say that my stock of Goods is one of the most desirable you ever saw, the fault will not be mine. Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to me by a generous public, I ask a continuance of the same, promising that nothing shall be left undone on my part, calculated to please and accommodate.

J. L. SCHICK.
April 11. tf

That Wonderful Place,

JEW ARNOLD'S celebrated cheap CLOTHING STORE, continues to be the object of amazement, delight, and profit to the thousands who are constantly, and *especially now*, thronging it, and supplying themselves with every variety of the best styles and most substantial qualities of READY-MADE CLOTHING. He makes no empty boasts about "sacrifices," and the thousand and one other humbugs of the day, but defies the world to produce a richer, cleaner, better, stronger or cheaper stock of Clothing than the infinite variety which he has—not bought at city "auction" for a song—but made up here by *skillful* and *honest* workmen, in the most honest and skillful manner. Just call and see if it be not so.

☞Also a few TRUNKS at less than cost, to make room for customers.
April 25. tf

ROLAND TREVOR, or the Pilot of Human Life, showing how to make and lose a fortune, and then to make another. This is said to be a very amusing and instructive book—to be had at KELLER KURTZ'S Store.

BUILDERS will find it greatly to their advantage, to examine our complete assortment of BUILDING MATERIAL, as we are prepared to supply such articles as they may desire, at unusually low rates.
May 30. S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

COLLARS, *Lace*, Edgings and Insertings, a beautiful variety, just received and for sale at SCHICK'S.

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

Still Greater Improvement in Grain Drills.

☞*PRICE REDUCED TO SIXTY DOLLARS!*☜

MOORE'S PATENT SEED AND GRAIN PLANTER.

THIS Machine was Patented July 2, 1850, and has received the highest premium at all the Exhibitions where it has ever been contested, including Newcastle county, Delaware, Agricultural Society, October 9th, 1850; Philadelphia and Delaware County Agricultural Society, October 17th, 1850; Maryland State Agricultural Society, October 23d, 1850, and October 24th, 1851; and Michigan State Agricultural Society, September 25th, 1851.

THE ABOVE DRILL

Is not liable to get out of repair, is exceedingly simple in its construction, will sow point rows in all irregular shaped fields, and possesses superior advantages to all others, in the ease and quickness with which it can be regulated to sow any desired quantity of Grain per acre, while the draft upon the Horses is 25 per cent. lighter, and consequently, with the same labor, can seed one-fourth more ground per day, than with most other machines now in use. The objection so common to Drilling Machines of becoming *choked* if the seed is not perfectly cleaned, is entirely obviated in the Simple and Peculiar Construction of this Drill, as white caps and short straw will not interfere in the least with

THE REGULAR DISTRIBUTION OF THE SEED.

It is warranted to distribute the seed evenly; to sow any quantity per acre commonly sown broadcast; to not cut or break the grains; to be well made with good materials and durable with proper care.

Having sold about 400 of the above Drills the past season, all of which met with the unqualified approbation of the purchasers; and after careful and thorough experiments which have resulted in still greater improvements, we now feel warranted in saying that Moore's Patent Seed and Grain Planter improved, is superior to any other machine FOR THE PURPOSE, NOW IN THE MARKET.

Having made arrangements to furnish 1,000 of the above Machines for sale, the coming season, we shall be prepared, at all times, to supply orders without delay.

☞All orders addressed to the undersigned will warrant prompt attention.

LEE, PEIRCE & THOMPSON.

☞WM. R. FREE is Agent for Adams County, for the above Drill; and also for the sale of SEYMOUR, MORGAN & CO'S Reaping Machine. ☞Any letters addressed to him at Ercildoun P. O., Chester county, Pa., will be attended to.

Ercildoun P. O., Chester county, Pa., May 23. tf

HORSE'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF

YELLOW DOCK ROOT.

THIS is a Purely Vegetable Compound, scientifically prepared from the best Roots and Herbs of the Materia Medica, and has gained an unrivalled reputation for the following effects, viz: Regulating and Strengthening the Liver and Digestive Organs, and Cleansing the Stomach and Bowels, and thus CURING all Bilious Diseases, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, &c., and causing the food to nourish and support every part,

PURIFYING THE BLOOD,

and thus curing all Humors, Cutaneous Eruptions, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Canker, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Ulcers, Tumors, Mercurial Disease, Cancers, &c.: Regulating the Secretory Organs, and by enabling them to perform their proper functions, preventing and curing many painful and dangerous diseases; Strengthening and Quieting the Nervous System, thus allaying Nervous Irritation, and curing all Diseases of the Nerves, as Hysteria, Neuralgia, Cramps, &c.

It is unrivalled in the Cure of all

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

as Weakness, General Debility, Irregularity, Obstructions, Swelling of the Feet, Limbs, Joints, &c., caused by weakness; also, Lung & Throat Complaints, as Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, &c., also, Dropsy.

Having made use of the Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock Root, prepared by C. MORSE & CO., either ourselves, or in our families, and finding it to be a very salutary and effectual preparation, we do most cheerfully recommend it to the public as a very valuable medicine.

E. Bourne, Esq., Cashier National Bank, Providence, R. I.; A. W. Spencer, Esq., Cashier Lime Rock Bank, Providence, R. I.; Rev. Wm. Phillips, Rev. J. B. Richmond, C. S. Jones, editor Providence Gen. Adv., Wm Field, M W. G. M., Cyrus Fisher, M E H. P., J. Hutchinson, G. S. Dea, V J. Bates, Dr. Benj. Colby, and one hundred others of the most respectable families of Providence.

This certifies that I have for a number of years been acquainted with the composition and mode of manufacture of MORSE'S COMPOUND SYRUP of YELLOW DOCK ROOT. I have also been acquainted with its modus operandi in disease, and can say that in all respects it is admirably calculated to remedy that class of Diseases for which it was designed. It is especially valuable in INDIGESTION and all its attendant symptoms, it excites to healthy action the LIVER, removes Torpor, and inactivity of this Organ, and stimulates healthy action in all the system. As a DEPURATOR or purifier of the Blood it has no superior. DAVID HOLMES, M. D.

Providence, R. I. Jan. 4, 1853.

☞Prepared by C. MORSE & CO., No. 115 Broadway, N. Y., and sold by Druggists and others throughout this and other countries.

☞For sale by SAMUEL H. BUEHLER, Gettysburg.
May 30. 1y

NEW PROSPECTUS

OF THE

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

THE first number of the NINTH VOLUME of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN will be issued on the 17th of September. We are grateful for the very liberal encouragement which we have received from our readers, and take this occasion to express our gratitude.—We are also under many obligations to our cotemporaries for favorable notices.

The next volume will be commenced with *new and beautiful type*, printed on paper manufactured expressly for this publication, of greatly increased weight and finer quality; this item alone will increase our yearly expenses over $2,000; in addition to this, we shall increase our present able Editorial force, as it is our intention to continue the Scientific American, "the leading and most reliable practical Scientific Journal in the U. States," it will continue the unflinching advocate of all useful improvements, and it will fearlessly expose all unpalatable and deceptive columns appertaining to its character; [in this respect it has gained a reputation superior to any other work of the kind in the world.]

The circulation of the Scientific American during the present volume, has exceeded 18,000 copies per week. The edition on the new volume will be commenced with 22,000, which we feel confident will not be an over calculation. Subscribers, to ensure the numbers from the commencement of the volume, should send in their subscriptions early, as many were disappointed in not obtaining the complete set of the present volume.

The Scientific American is in form suitable for binding, and each volume is accompanied with a full Index of all the subjects, which renders it an Encyclopedia of useful, scientific, and mechanical information, for present as well as future reference.

TERMS.

One copy, for One Year,	$2
" Six Months,	$1
Five copies for Six Months,	$4

☞Letters should be directed (post-paid) to MUNN & CO., 128 Fulton street, New York.
Aug. 29. 3t

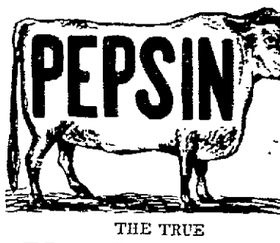
Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1851, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., in the clerk's Office of the District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

Another Scientific Wonder!

CREAT CURE FOR

DYSPEPSIA!

DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S



THE TRUE

DIGESTIVE FLUID,

OR, GASTRIC JUICE.

PREPARED from Rennet or the fourth Stomach of the Ox after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S Houghton, M. D, Philadelphia, Pa.

"I DIGEST." Such is the true meaning of the word Pepsin. It is the chief element, or Great Digesting Principle of the Gastric Juice—the Solvent of the Food, the Purifying, Preserving and Stimulating Agent of the Stomach and Intestines. It is extracted from the Digestive Stomach of the Ox, thus forming a True Digestive Fluid, precisely like the natural Gastric Juice in its Chemical powers, and furnishing a complete and perfect substitute for it.

This is Nature's own Remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It contains no Alcohol, Bitters, Acids, or nauseous Drugs. It is extremely agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the most feeble patients who cannot eat a water cracker without acute distress. Beware of Drugged Imitations. Pepsin is not a Drug.

Half a teaspoonful of Pepsin infused in water will digest or dissolve Five Pounds of Roast Beef in about two hours, out of the Stomach.

SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE!

☞The Scientific Evidence upon which this remedy is based is in the highest degree Curious and Remarkable.

Call on the Agent, and get a Descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of Scientific Evidence, from Liebig's Animal Chemistry; Dr. Combe's Philosophy of Digestion; Dr. Pereira on Food and Diet, Dr. John W. Draper, of New York University; Professor Dunglison's Physiology; Prof. Silliman, of Yale College; Dr. Carpenter's Physiology; &c., together with reports of Cures from all parts of the United States.

PEPSIN IN FLUID AND POWDER.

Dr. Houghton's Pepsin is prepared in powder and in Fluid Form—and in Prescription vials for the use of Physicians. The powder will be sent by Mail, free of Postage, for one Dollar, sent to Dr. Houghton, Philadelphia.

☞Observe this!—Every bottle of the genuine Pepsin bears the written signature of J. S. Houghton, M D., sole proprietor, Philadelphia, Pa.—Copy right and Trade Mark secured.

☞Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine. Price, $1 per bottle.

Agents—S. S. Forney, Gettysburg, wholesale and retail Agent; J. W. Douglass

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, October 3, 1853.

WHIG STATE TICKET.

For Canal Commissioner,
MOSES POWNALL, of Lancaster.

For Auditor General,
A. K. M'CLURE, of Franklin.

For Surveyor General,
CHRISTIAN MEYERS, Clarion.

For Judge of the Supreme Court,
THOMAS A. BUDD, of Philadelphia.

WHIG COUNTY TICKET.

Senator,
DAVID MELLINGER.

Assembly,
JOHN C. ELLIS.

Commissioner,
JAMES J. WILLS.

Auditor,
DR. EDMUND F. SHORB.

Director of Poor,
JOSEPH BAYLY.

County Treasurer,
GEORGE ARNOLD.

District Attorney,
JAMES G. REED.

County Surveyor,
GEORGE B. HEWITT.

AN APPRENTICE

To the PRINTING BUSINESS will be taken at this Office. An immediate application is desired.

The Election.

In a little more than one week, the people will be again called upon to exercise an inestimable privilege—that of choosing those who are to legislate for them, and serve in other stations of importance as their servants. This is a privilege which ought not to be thought lightly of, and should never be neglected. It is the duty of every man to vote, and vote understandingly.

The Whigs of Adams have a ticket before them, settled harmoniously according to the established usage of the party, and one which, as a whole, has been rarely excelled. If, then, there were no other reason for its hearty support than arises from the fact of its being the ticket of the Whig party, every good Whig would rally around it. But there are connected with it other important considerations which Whigs should not for a moment lose sight of. The tax-payers are tired of the burden of taxation, without a prospect of its termination; and a very strong feeling has arisen, that the Public Works, which, in the hands of the present corrupt party, are made a source of plunder, should be sold, and the public debt so much reduced, as to lighten the present burdens. This is a measure which many Democrats, as well as the Whigs, have at heart. Now it is well known that our candidate for Senator, Dr. MELLINGER, and our candidate for the Assembly, Mr. ELLIS, are both in favor of this important measure, and Mr. DOUGLASS and Mr. MYERS, their opponents, are hostile to it, and will vote to continue the present system. If there were nothing else than this one fact to induce a support of our candidates, it would be sufficient.—We calculate confidently, therefore, that the Whigs of Adams will see the importance of giving an undivided vote for our Legislative candidates—remembering that *one vote* may determine the fate of a measure so important. It is no time to strike names from tickets, when measures of vital interest are at stake. We hope our Whig friends of the "Young Guard" will view this matter in the same strong light that we do, and fail not in giving their undivided support to the candidates of the party.—Personal feeling should ever be sacrificed for the good of the whole. This is the principle upon which we act; and we trust our Whig friends will see the importance of doing likewise.

☞ Mr. EVANS, of Chester county, who is a member of the Senate of Pennsylvania, and Editor of the Village Record, thus speaks of our candidate for Senate:

"In the Adams district, Dr. MELLINGER, the old member of the House, is the Whig candidate for the Senate. He sustained a high reputation as a man of education, integrity and character, and his presence in the Senate will enable him to do good service not only to his constituents but to the State at large."

The Battle.

☞ The great battle at the Ballot-box comes off on the second Tuesday of October

The time is close at hand—a little more than one week will decide the day.

Whigs, are you ready?

Will all the Whig voters be out?

Will they vote the whole Ticket?

It is time the Whig strong-holds were moving—the enemy are wide awake, and for aught we know they will poll a full vote.—Everything is moving on quietly, but still rather sometimes runs deep!

☞ Let every whig bear in mind that we have a good State Ticket in the field—that we have a County Ticket composed of men eminently worthy of support—and above all, bear in mind that every vote given in favor of the Whig State and County ticket will be set down as a vote in favor of Retrenchment, Reform, and Economy; while every vote for the other side will be used to signify the reverse. Mark that!

The Senate.

This conservative branch of the Legislature has been Whig for a number of years. With a Democratic Governor and House, the Whig Senate has occupied the position of a balance wheel, and preserved the State from the wild and turbulent schemes of locofocoism. The Whigs of the State have it in their power still to maintain control over this branch of the Government, and we hope they will not suffer it to pass into the hands of their adversaries, and thus lose all check upon them. Should this District pass into their hands, the Whigs lose the Senate, with all the advantages which such a check gives them. Those Whigs, therefore, who, from any cause, are lukewarm as regards Dr. MELLINGER, or who will not vote for him, must bear in mind that by lending their aid in any way to the success of his opponent, they are losing the Whig preponderance in the Senate, and casting a vote against the sale of the Public Works—that measure which is now so loudly called for to put an end to the corruption which is daily practiced in regard to them.

There are a few individuals who do not go into the support of the Whig candidate for Senator with energy, from some cause or other. But we would in all earnestness ask them, are they awake to the importance of his success at this time? One vote may decide the fate of that important measure which is now agitating the State—namely, the sale of the Public Works; and the loss of one Senator will throw the Senate into the hands of our opponents. Is it not the duty, therefore, of every Whig to cast his vote for the regular candidate of the party—when he sees such important issues are involved in his success? Is it not his duty to sacrifice every personal feeling, when the good of the Whig party, and the best interests of the State demand it? Certainly it is—and we mistake the character of the Whigs of the "Young Guard," if they do not rally round the candidate of their party with a unanimity which has ever characterized them, and given them a proud name among their brethren of the State.

Sale of the Public Works.

Voter—Whig—Democrat—Are you in favor of a Sale of the Public Works?

Then vote the Whig ticket.

Why should the works not be sold? If they are valuable, and there is no doubt of it, will they not bring all they are worth? Are they worth more to the State than they would be to a company? Who believes it? Nobody. The State must always be pillaged by its agents. So it has been—so it will be. Who denies it? Who doubts it?

The Whig ticket is pledged to a sale.—The Whig papers—the Whig party is for a sale. Democrats—do you wish a sale?—Then why not vote for men who agree with you? Do you prefer the triumph of *party* to the triumph of *principle*, and the Sale of the Public Works? What advantage is a *party triumph*, if it be hostile to your ideas of the public welfare. Remember that you can never have a sale, as long as you support and vote for men opposed to it!

But it may be said that the Democratic candidates are in favor of a sale. Who says so? What is the authority? They dare not make the avowal. They have not done so—neither the candidate for Canal Commissioner,—nor Auditor General,—nor Surveyor General! They dare not—mark that! All the *honest men* on the Portage Railroad, and elsewhere, would be down on them; they would do it at their peril!

Vote for the WHIG COUNTY TICKET!

Vote for MOSES POWNALL.

Vote for McCLURE.

Vote for Judge MYERS.

☞ The only safe plan, is to get the *regular settled Whig Ticket*, from some reliable source, and *vote it whole*. No one ever regretted voting the regular settled ticket; while it rarely or never happens that a person scratches a ticket, or votes in opposition to the regular nominees of his party, without sooner or later regretting it.

Adams County Democratic Ticket.

Senator—J. W. Douglass.
Assembly—Jacob A. Myers.
Commissioner—Frederick Wolf.
Auditor—John Butt, jr.
Director—Isaac Miller.
Dist. Attorney—E. B. Buehler.
Surveyor—J. G. Brinkerhoff.
Treasurer—Leonard Stouch.

☞ The Democratic Conferees of Franklin and Adams met at Goodyear's on Monday last, and placed in nomination J. W. DOUGLASS, of Chambersburg, as their candidate for Senator in this District. There was a ballot or two by the Adams county conferees for Mr. M'CLEAN, but they eventually went over to the support of Mr. DOUGLASS.

☞ The Democratic candidates for the Legislature in York county, (Wilson, Eckert and Sidle,) have come out in a card, declaring that should they be elected, they would vote against the passage of a Prohibitory Liquor Law, believing that a large majority of the citizens of York county are opposed to it.

☞ *A Veteran Office-holder.*—John Bickel, Esq., the Postmaster at Jonestown, Lebanon county, Pa., was appointed to that office under Jefferson's Administration, by Gideon Granger, on the 23d of September, 1802—so that he has held the office upwards of *fifty-one years!* He is now 78 years of age, and does all the business himself.

Are you Ready, Whigs?

In a very few days, you will be required to take part in the election of

A Judge of the Supreme Court,
A Canal Commissioner,
An Auditor General,
A Surveyor General,

And this election will record your sentiments upon the engrossing question of THE SALE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS.

How stands the organization of your district? Is it *blocked off*—that is, divided into as many parts as there are *working Whigs* among you, and is each part assigned to one who is *able and willing* to bring its voters to the polls? It is not so important that the district should be divided into many blocks, as that every block should be *thoroughly canvassed*. If you have but two or three men able and willing to work, the number of your blocks should not exceed the number of your hands; and if you are the only working man in the Election District, make it all your own block!

If the organization of your District is not thus far advanced, it is high time that it should be. Make it your business to see your active men and collect them together, so that they may divide the labor and undertake their parts as speedily as possible.—And let your calculations be, not to poll a *good common vote*, but THE WHOLE WHIG FORCE of your Election District! This may cost labor, but you will be repaid by the pride and credit of the result.—*Examiner.*

A Good Time Coming.

The Harrisburg Telegraph calls upon the Whig counties in the Commonwealth to do their duty at the coming election, by returning Whig members to the Legislature, inasmuch as it appears altogether probable that the county of Philadelphia will return Whig Representatives, in which case, if there be no falling off in the Whig counties, we shall have a majority in the House of Representatives. In this case, one of the first acts of the session will be a law for the sale of the public works.

Whigs! do your duty, and a better time may be anticipated. Once break up the "Lazar-house of corruption" as the public works were pronounced two years ago, by Mr. Wise, a Democratic representative from Armstrong, and the fortress of Locofoco power will be ruined. The Whigs will then be likely to receive a reasonable share of the benefits of Legislation.

Whigs!

Everything depends on your efforts.—What have you done? We fear that echo answers "*what?*"

Well—well. There is yet time enough, but none to spare. Get together—talk over the prospects of the party at home—divide your townships, and *organize*—ORGANIZE—ORGANIZE.

Perhaps this word of advice from us is unnecessary. So much the better, if you have taken this precaution already.

The Whigs must not be caught napping!

The Young Guard must do her duty!—The Whigs of the State expect it. *They will not be disappointed.*

The Whig banner floats brightly in the breeze, and every true Whig will follow it on to victory! Upon the broad folds are inscribed "Union and the Constitution"—"American Industry," and an "Honest and Economical Administration of the State and National Governments."

These are the wholesome principles which call for our zealous and enthusiastic support. Whigs awake—arouse—shake the dew-drops from your garments! These are the words of the lamented Clay, on another but similar occasion. Let us follow his counsels! Let every Whig do his duty.

When Nelson fought the battle of Trafalgar, which decided the fate of his country, he told his gallant tars that "England expects every man to do his duty!" In like manner we may say that Pennsylvania expects every *Whig* to do his duty.

A good soldier is never found sleeping at his post. He is always ready to meet the enemy, and eager for the contest, with his harness on.

If the Whigs come out in solid phalanx on next Tuesday week, we shall have an old fashioned Waterloo! No doubt of it. Why should *not* the Whigs come out in their strength—and in a solid column, too? Can any one assign a reason? We should like to hear it. We venture to say that any good true Whig will be able to knock the props from every pretext or argument, that should be set up against a full and united support of the Whig Ticket.

If there be any weak brethren, disaffected with a portion or any of the Whig Candidates, a little wholesome counsel will prevent the disaffection from spreading. The true plan is to meet every objection, with argument. Sometimes disaffection grows out of a mistake or misapprehension, and a little explanation will make all things right. Sometimes a voter objects to a candidate, because he has personal dislikes to him—or perhaps some designing political opponent has secretly infused a poison into his mind. Meet such flimsy objections,—scatter them to the winds—show their inconsistency—and hold up their authors to the contempt of the public.

☞ At a meeting of the hard-shell democrats, (as they term them) in New York on Monday night, the platform gave way, and a number of persons were much injured, one or two fatally. Among the number was Mike Walsh, Congressman elect, who was so much injured internally, that his recovery is doubtful.

Prohibitory Law Convention.

In another column will be found the proceedings of a Mass Prohibition meeting held in Gettysburg on Saturday week. It will be observed that the Hon. GEORGE CHAMBERS was put in nomination for Senator, and a committee appointed to wait upon him to ask his acceptance. This was done on Monday last; and we learn that Judge CHAMBERS very respectfully declined the nomination, and urged the propriety of not having a third candidate in the field, for reasons which have had so much weight with those who had hastily made this nomination, that they have abandoned their opposition, and resolved not to settle another candidate at this time.

☞ The Postmaster General has ordered a contract with Mr. Frederick Wolf, for mail service, regularly, three times a week, between Abbottstown and Hanover.

☞ The second semi-annual Exhibition of the Hunterstown English and Classical Academy, took place on Wednesday evening last, in the Presbyterian Church. There was a very large assemblage of persons on the occasion; all of whom were highly gratified with the exercises. Speeches were delivered by Messrs. J. U. H. Neely, J. Graft, S. M. Neely, J. B. King, G. M. P. Minnich, R. H. King, J. C. Neely, C. W. Mateer, G. R. Brandon, B. J. Reed, G. C. Brandon, H. Sidsinger, J. K. M'Ilhenny, and J. E. Carretson.

A Fact for the People.

In 1844 the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania declared by an overwhelming majority of nineteen thousand and some odd votes at the ballot box, that the Canals and Railroads belonging to the State should be sold. How much money has been spent on the Public Works since that vote was given, inquires the Harrisburg Telegraph, and how much has the State debt been reduced? Millions upon millions have been spent upon our Canals and Railroads, and not one cent of the State debt has ever been paid by any revenue derived from them.

Scheming politicians then manœuvered to defeat the will of the people, that they might still continue the system of public plunder, and they will do so again if it is in their power. It is important, therefore, for the people who wish the public works sold, and the State relieved of its burden, that they send thorough and trustworthy advocates of the measure to the Legislature.

☞ A vessel arrived at New York from Liverpool on Wednesday, with a large number of passengers. No less than 79 persons died on the passage!

☞ A duel took place a few days ago between Major Arnold, the Commandant at Fort Graham, Texas, and Dr. J. M. Steiner, the Post Surgeon. The arms used were pistols, six-shooters. Major Arnold received four shots in his body, of which he died in 15 minutes. Dr. Steiner was uninjured. Each of Steiner's shots took effect. Arnold fired twice without effect.

☞ *Harper's Magazine*, for October, is a splendid number, and is still adding attraction to attraction. The eighth volume will commence in December with the issue of an edition of 135,000 copies. This shows the unprecedented popularity which this Magazine has attained.

☞ *Graham's Magazine, for October*, with all its attractions, is on our table. It is illustrated with a superb steel engraving of a sweet face, "Pensive Thought," and some twenty elegant wood engravings, illustrative of Rhenish, Rhonish, Caucasian, and Egyptian scenery. The contributions are of the best order of American literature, and the whole executed in the very neatest manner.

☞ It is stated that on the 15th of this month the water will be let into the whole line of the North Branch Canal, to the New York State line—so that this work will be soon open for navigation.

☞ On Wednesday last, the Whig State Convention of Massachusetts nominated Judge WASHBURN as the Whig candidate for Governor of that State, and T. C. PLUNKETT for Lieutenant Governor.

☞ By way of Halifax we have accounts from Bermuda to the 18th instant. The yellow fever was very fatal at St. George's. Lieut. Gov. WOODWARD and fifteen officers of the fifty-sixth regiment had died. Of two hundred convicts fifty had died, and only twenty-five had escaped the fever.—Two-thirds of the sappers and miners were in the hospital. JOHN M. HOWDEN, the American Consul, had died.

☞ "Ashland," the home of Henry Clay, which was sold at public sale last week, was purchased by Jas. B. Clay, his son, at $140 per acre. The tract contains 337 acres.

☞ "Broomers," is a name which the N. York Journal of Commerce gives to the ladies' long dresses which sweep the sidewalks of the city, vs. the "Bloomers" worn by those ladies who put on short frocks and pantaloons. It is said that several fashionable ladies have undertaken to sweep the sidewalks of Broadway with the trains of expensive dresses.

Death Caused by the Sting of a Bee.—The Scoharie Sentinel says that Miss Mary Van Derveer, daughter of M. S. Van Derveer, of Argusville, in that county, died on the 11th ult., after an illness of a few days, caused by the sting of a bee.

Important from Europe.

The steamer Washington arrived at New York on Thursday, with Liverpool dates to the 14th ult.

There was a small advance in Breadstuffs. Flour had advanced 1s. and wheat 3d. per bushel.

It is said that Russia has rejected the proposition of the Sultan, and war seems inevitable. Russian troops were marching into Moldavia; and the warlike preparations of Turkey were carried on with unabated vigor. The troops were working night and day on the fortifications on the Danube.—The Turkish army in the vicinity of Varna amounted to 90,000 men, with 250 guns and six batteries of heavy metal—and they can hardly be restrained from attacking the Russians—to such a pitch has their zeal arisen.

LATER.

The steamer America has arrived, with three days later from Europe.

It was reported that the Turkish troops had attacked the Russian outposts.

Flour had advanced one shilling more; wheat 6d. to 7d.; corn 1 to 2 shillings.

☞ On Thursday last, JOHN FISHER, Esq., Cashier of the Bank of Westminster, gave freedom to all his slaves, five in number. He gave them also an outfit of nearly $1,000. They were all very valuable negroes. Four of them have removed to near Hanover, where they have purchased some land. One of them will not leave his old master.

Fine Peaches.

Mr. JACOB MUMMERT, of Straban township, presented us, a few days ago, with some fine peaches, which measured 9 inches in circumference. The quality, too, was delicious.

☞ Gen. James Talmadge, of New York, Ex-Senator and Ex-minister to Russia, died very suddenly on Thursday last, at the Metropolitan Hotel in New York, on his return from a visit to the Crystal Palace.

☞ There was a terrible storm and gale on the Lakes on Wednesday last. Two vessels were sunk at Michigan city, and their cargoes, which were valuable, entirely lost, and it is feared that serious disasters have occurred on the lakes, causing loss of life and property.

☞ It is said that not less than 4,000 persons visited the Virginia White Sulphur Springs the past season.

☞ The Mormons are making an effort for the conversion of India to the creed of Joe Smith. Thirteen "ministers" arrived there from the City of the Salt Lake via California.

☞ Miss Virginia Williams, of Georgetown, D. C., who accompanied her sister, Mrs. Bodisco, on a visit to Russia, died in St. Petersburg, on the 28th of August, after an illness of sixteen days.

Desperate Fight with Fugitive Slaves in Carroll County.—We learn from the Westminster (Md.) Democrat, that on Tuesday last four runaway slaves, believed to be from Harper's Ferry, Va., were found concealed in a barn at Taneytown, and that on Mr. James Burke, constable, with a posse, attempting to seize one of them, he fired a double barrel pistol at them, but fortunately Mr. B. was very close to him, and escaped being killed by knocking his arm to one side, the load passing to the right side of his head and severely burning his face. A desperate fight then commenced, in which all the blacks participated, but there being about double the number of whites the slaves were at length taken. The blacks were armed with pistols and large dirk knives, but could not use anything but their pistols. It is said that they (the slaves) fired six or eight times. There were three whites shot besides Mr. Burke—one in the arm—none of which are thought to be dangerous. Two of the slaves were shot, one in the left arm, which is very severe, and one alongside of the head. Three of them were brought to Westminster and secured in jail, and the one that was shot in the arm kept in Taneytown in charge of a physician, who dressed the wound. The wound is very severe, as he received the contents of one barrel of a double barrel gun, the whole lead entering his arm just above the elbow.

☞ Another Judge has been arrested in Cincinnati, which city appears to be somewhat unfortunate in its judicial functionaries. Judge Dana, of one of the courts of that place was, a few days since, arrested at his residence near the city, charged with being an accomplice of Craig, Reed and others, in extensive forgeries of land titles.—He was found concealed under a bed, in his night clothes, after it had been denied that he was at home. He was put in a police station house for examination.

Mortality at Sea.—The ship Charles Sprague arrived at New York on Wednesday, from Bremen, in 41 days. Forty-five deaths occurred during the passage, out of 270 passengers.

An Immense Peach Orchard.—A gentleman named Davis, from Philadelphia, residing in Clermont county, Ohio, has a peach orchard of 100 acres, containing 17,000 trees. His net profits this season are estimated at $25,000.

☞ Marshfield, Mass., where now repose the remains of the illustrious statesman, Daniel Webster, has been during the past summer visited by not less than 12,000 persons, and the crowds still continue to throng the place.

☞ Hon. Andrew Johnson, who has been elected Governor of Tennessee, actually commenced life in the almshouse of Wake county, N. C., where he remained until his eighth year, when he was apprenticed to a tailor in Raleigh.

☞ The German physicians have discovered that carbonate of magnesia, used internally, is a valuable cure for warts.

☞ The fever is now disappearing from New Orleans.

Shocking Tragedy at Oberlin, Ohio.—On the 15th ult., a most revolting murder was committed about three miles east of Oberlin, Ohio. A man named Fullman, had slandered a Miss Barber and another young lady. The brother of Miss Barber, and a Mr. Lovell, the lover of the other slandered girl, went to Fullman to talk the matter over. He repulsed them with threats, and became enraged. They left him and returned to their work. After supper one of the parties proposed that they should take their rifles and go over to Fullman and frighten him. Acting in accordance with the proposal, they took their guns, (a rifle and a shot gun,) and started. On arriving, they found Fullman and his wife raking hay. Lovell advanced, and said: "Well, I've come to have it out." Fullman seized a pitchfork and made a desperate plunge at him; his wife clinging to him, shrieking, and endeavoring to prevent his striking Lovell. He succeeded in wounding him in three places with the fork. Enraged beyond control at this, Lovell fired his piece, missing F., and lodging the contents in his wife's head, wounding her dangerously, perhaps mortally. He then handed the empty gun to Barber to reload, took the loaded gun and started for home. Fullman followed him with his pitchfork. After going some distance, Lovell turned round and fired, and Fullman being but two feet from him, received the whole charge in his side, tearing him in a horrible manner, and killing him instantly. He leaves a family of three children. The murderers were immediately arrested.

A Man with Twenty Wives.—A man calling himself Dr. Wm. Hunter, but whose real name is said to be Nathaniel J. Bird, is in jail at Camden, N. J., on the charge of bigamy, and various other charges. On Sunday, Elizabeth Harrington, a lady of Philadelphia, visited him in prison, and ascertained that he was the man to whom she was married on the 9th of July last. On the same day he was visited by another lady from Kensington, named Mary Thomas, to whom he was married in May last. It is also stated that he has a wife in Reading, another in Wilmington, Del., and another yet in Philadelphia. The prisoner is only about 23 years of age, and, it is stated, that he declares that he has *twenty* wives, a statement which may be true, as more than one-fourth of that number has been found within a few days. It is alleged that he abandoned each wife soon after marriage, and that they never heard of him after until his recent arrest. The affair creates the greatest excitement in Camden, and has induced an immense number of people to seek admission for the purpose of seeing him.

CROSSING THE STREET.—*Legal Decision.*—At one of the city courts in Cincinnati, a few days since, a driver was fined $25 for running his wagon against a pedestrian who was crossing the street. The Judge decided that at all regular street crossings, pedestrians had the right of way, and that the law requires a driver to hold up when he sees a foot passenger crossing in front of his team. The same principle of law holds good elsewhere, and is worthy the notice of both drivers and pedestrians.

Death from Eating Poisoned Candy.—The Hartford Times says that a child of Mr. Lorin Field, of Somers, Ct., is supposed to have been killed by eating colored candy. Dr. Wood examined the contents of the stomach and found a sufficient quantity of lead there to cause death.

Another Conviction.—Walter Taylor, the forger of Pension papers in Connecticut, who was sentenced to ten years in the State prison for this offence some months ago, has just been convicted at Hartford on a second similar charge, and sentenced to five years longer imprisonment—fifteen years in all.

Death from Poison.—On Wednesday last, Miss Ann Smith, daughter of Mr. James Smith, of Elavanna, Va., died suddenly from the effects of strychnine taken by mistake for sedlitz powders.

☞ The papers relate how Mr. Robinson, a justice of the peace in Milford, Ohio, was whipping his dog, when the animal caught him by the throat; his wife with an axe aimed a blow at the dog, but it fell upon the head of her husband, and killed him.—Mrs. Robinson was nearly deranged in consequence.

Quick Time.—The Wheeling papers notice the arrival there, on Friday, of the through train from Baltimore in eighteen hours and fifteen minutes. The train left Cumberland fifteen minutes behind time, or the run would have been made in eighteen hours.

CONVENTIONS.

Mass Meeting of the Friends of a Prohibitory Liquor Law.

At a meeting of the people of Adams County, convened at the Court House, in the borough of Gettysburg, on Saturday, the 24th of September, inst., for the purpose of consulting upon measures the best calculated to secure a Prohibitory Liquor Law in Pennsylvania—WM. B. BRANDON, Esq., of York Springs, was called to the chair, and E. W. Stable and A. W. Maginly, Esq., appointed Secretaries.

The meeting was addressed by Rev. Mr. Weaver, of Maine, on the subject of the meeting.

After which the Executive Committee reported that they had addressed copies of the following letter to the candidates of each political party for State Senator and Assembly, and had received replies from Dr. Mellinger, the Whig nominee for State Senator, and Messrs. Myers and Ellis, candidates for Assembly, and that they had made use of all the means in their power to reach the nominee of the Democratic party (J. Wyeth Douglass) but had failed, so that they had no communication with him, but were satisfied, from all they could learn, that he was opposed to a Prohibitory Liquor Law.

GETTYSBURG, Sept. 10, 1853.

DEAR SIR:—The undersigned, a committee appointed for the purpose, take the liberty, in view of your position as a public man and candidate for a seat in the Legislature of Pennsylvania, of propounding to you the following interrogatory, and respectfully ask a prompt reply:

If elected, will you vote for, and use your best effort to procure the passage of a law similar in its provisions to the Maine Liquor Law, prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, with the proviso that said act shall be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection?

The friends of Prohibition will meet in Mass Meeting at the Court House in Gettysburg, on Saturday the 24th instant, to hear report from this committee, and confer in reference to further action. You will therefore, it is presumed, see the importance of having your reply prior to that date. Very respectfully yours,

E. W. STABLE,
W. W. PAXTON,
JOHN L. HILL,
A. B. KURTZ,
Committee.

LETTER FROM JACOB A. MYERS, ESQ.

GOOD INTENT FACTORY, Sept. 23, 1853.

DEAR SIRS:—Yours of the 10th inst., has been received; and in reply to your interrogatory, respecting the course I would take in the legislature, (if elected) in reference to the "Maine Liquor Law" question, would say in the first place, I would be opposed to, and always doubted the propriety of forcing upon the people, by statute, a law prohibiting the "Maine Liquor Law," without first submitting it to the people for their approbation. But should I be elected a Representative to the Legislature of this State, I will favor (and if the question is brought up) will vote for a "Prohibiting Liquor Law" with a proviso that said Law should be referred to the vote of the people for their approval or disapproval.

With due respect, I remain your friend,

JACOB A. MYERS.

To E. W. Stable, Wm. W. Paxton, John L. Hill, and A. B. Kurtz, Committee.

LETTER FROM JOHN C. ELLIS, ESQ.

NEW OXFORD, Sept. 16, 1853.

GENTLEMEN:—Yesterday afternoon I was handed your esteemed favor of the 10th, and in compliance with your request, I hasten to reply to the following interrogatory herein contained, and to which you have kindly directed my attention, to wit:

"If elected, will you vote for and use your best effort to procure the passage of a law similar in its provisions to the "Maine Liquor Law" prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, with the proviso that said act shall be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection?"

Be assured, Gentlemen, I have thought seriously on the subject to which your interrogatory refers. It is a subject of moment, worthy the attention of every man, and more emphatically so of men aspiring to prominent and responsible stations in our government.

Ours, Gentlemen, is a government founded on reason and judgment; and public opinion, that mighty engine, moves and controls its whole system—is its basis; and it is, therefore, but in accordance with its true policy, on all questions involving so highly the interests of the WHOLE PEOPLE, as does the one to which your interrogatory refers, that no determination or decision should precede an interchange of opinions—an expression of the public will. To that will, honestly expressed, the representative should bow—to that will, "the weightier matters of the law" should be submitted.

And while I most respectfully decline to pledge myself, if elected, to vote for and use my best effort to procure the passage of ANY LAW, I can see no objections to so shaping my course with regard to that measure, as to further the submission of the question to the people of Pennsylvania, believing that to them the question belongs—that WITH them its proper disposition lies.

With much respect, I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
JNO. C. ELLIS.

To Messrs. E. W. Stable, Wm. W. Paxton, John L. Hill, and A. B. Kurtz, Committee.

LETTER FROM DR. D. MELLINGER.

EAST BERLIN, Sept. 22, 1853.

Messrs. E. W. Stable, Jno. L. Hill, A. B. Kurtz and W. W. Paxton, Committee, &c.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note inquiring whether—

"If elected to the Senate, will you vote for and use your best effort to procure the passage of a law similar in its provisions to the Maine Liquor Law, prohibiting the sale and manufacture of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, with the proviso that said act shall be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection?"

In view of the responsibility of the duties devolved upon a Legislator, called to the discharge of his official duties, under the sanctity of an oath—a responsibility that can only be fully met by an honest and faithful acting up to the conclusions of a deliberate judgment—I cannot feel free to *pledge* myself, in advance of such deliberation, to the support of any special legislation.

The embarrassments to which such a pledge may subject a legislator in the honest and conscientious discharge of duty to the Commonwealth, and to his constituents, strikes me as being so apparent as to render it unnecessary for me to enlarge thereupon. A bill may come up on any particular topic—be that topic what it may—and while the principle involved in it might be unobjectionable in itself, yet the bill may be encumbered by provisions and details highly unjust and objectionable.

Now, a Legislator, *pledged* to the support of a bill thus drawn, in advance of its possible provisions being known, would be forced into the alternative of either apparently violating his solemn pledge, or what may be worse, be forced to violate the oath under which he takes office.

While, therefore, I cannot pledge myself to the support of the "Maine Law," or any other law—I am free to admit the right of the people to control the action of their Representative; and believing it to be the duty of a Representative, in his Representative capacity, faithfully to carry out the wishes of his constituents, especially when such wishes are fully expressed and understood, I can have no hesitation in saying that if elected to the State Senate, I could have no objection to voting for a bill to test the sense of the people of Pennsylvania upon the propriety of enacting a Prohibitory law.

I have the honor to be very respectfully yours,

DAVID MELLINGER.

The following preamble and resolution were then unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The views and purposes of the two candidates for the State Senate, from this Senatorial District, so far as we have been able to learn them, in reference to a Prohibitory Liquor Law, to be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection, are to us entirely unsatisfactory: Therefore,

Resolved, That with our convictions of duty, and the pledges we have given to each other on this great question of moral reform and State policy, we cannot consistently give our suffrages to Dr. Mellinger and J. Wyeth Douglass for the Senate, at the ensuing State election.

On motion, the Convention proceeded to nominate a candidate for State Senator.

Hon. GEORGE CHAMBERS was then nominated, which was accepted by acclamation.

And then, on motion, it was

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to wait upon Hon. Judge Chambers, and tender him the nomination of this mass meeting; said committee to have power to fill any vacancy that may occur.

Whereupon the Chair appointed Rev. J. D. Clark, Solomon Powers, George Warren, J. B. McPherson, and Dr. J. L. Hill, said committee.

On motion,

Resolved, That these proceedings, including the letters of candidates for Senator and Representative, be published.

On motion, adjourned.

Signed by the Officers.

Late from Liberia.

Letters from Liberia of the 6th of August have been received. The barque Shirley arrived at Monrovia on the 29th of July.

Advices to this date say that the relations of the Government with the native tribes on all sides are such that it is thought lasting peace may be expected, or, if there be interruptions at any time or place, it seems impossible that they should be either extensive or of long duration. "The international relations of the Republic are decidedly harmonious and profitable as far as we are able to take advantage of our treaty stipulations."

The Methodist Missionaries at the different points along the coast were in good health.

NEW YORK, September 25.—The steamer Northern Light has arrived with San Francisco dates to the 1st Sept., and nearly two million dollars in gold. The Oregon left for Panama on the 1st, with one million dollars in gold. The excess of gold shipped from California during the first eight months of the year over those of last year is ten millions and a quarter in amount.

The miners are still doing well. The markets are dull.

A great meeting has been held at San Francisco in favor of the speedy construction of the Pacific railroad. Politics are running high, and several prominent Democrats are stumping the State against Gov. Bigler, the Democratic nominee for re-election.

Nearly half of the city of Sonora was destroyed by fire.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 23.—The fever continues to prevail, though the city is assuming a better state of health. There were twenty-eight deaths from fever during the past twenty-four hours, and seven from causes unknown.

The most distressing accounts are received of the ravages of the fever at Grand Gulf, Port Gibson, and along the coast.

The Earthquake at Thebes.—It was lately stated in the foreign news that the town or village of Thebes, in Egypt, had been nearly destroyed by an earthquake. It appears the town consisted partly of stone houses, which were all new, and partly of old houses of wood and bricks. All were more or less injured, the former having been completely shaken to pieces, and the latter having been rendered uninhabitable. Eleven persons were killed and eighteen taken from the ruins. The survivors were encamped in the open air, and were suffering from the want of water, the earthquake having dried up the wells. Seventeen villages in the vicinity of Thebes, as far as Platea, had partially suffered, and one or two houses fell at Cialkis. The shocks continued for some days, one to three within the twenty-four hours.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE—Oct. 1.	
Flour,	$6 18 to 6 25
Wheat,	1 30 to 1 40
Rye,	75 to 90
Corn,	70 to 74
Oats,	41 to 42
Cloverseed,	5 75 to 6 00
Timothyseed,	3 25 to 3 50
Flaxseed,	1 18 to 1 20
Cattle,	6 50 to 7 50
YORK—Sept. 30.	
Flour, per bbl., from stores,	$6 25
Do. " from wagons,	5 62
Wheat, per bushel,	1 20@1 30
Rye, "	80
Corn, "	64
Oats, "	37
Timothy Seed, per bushel,	3 00
Clover Seed, "	5 50
Flax Seed, "	1 25
Plaster Paris, per ton,	6 50
HANOVER—Sept. 29.	
Flour, (from Wagons,)	$5 62
Do. (Retail,)	6 00
Wheat, per bushel,	1 15@1 25
Rye,	80
Corn,	63
Oats,	35
Timothy Seed,	3 00
Clover Seed,	5 50
Flax Seed,	1 12
Plaster Paris, per ton,	6 25

Married,

On Thursday evening last, by Rev. ——, Mr. J. DOUGLASS TAYLOR, of Butler township, to Mrs. ANN COL, of this place.

On the 22d ult., by Rev. B. Wesley Black, Mr ADAM HENEY, to Miss LAVINIA KENNEL—both of Franklin township.

At Conewago Chapel, on Tuesday last, by Rev. E. De Necker, Mr. EDWARD DOYLE, of Path Valley, Franklin county, to Miss CAROLINE OBOLY, near Littlestown.

At the same place, on the same day, by Rev. Mr. Enders, Mr. FRANCIS ELINE, to Miss MATILDA BOWLIBS—both of Littlestown.

On the 19th ult., at Methodist Church, by Rev. Wm. G. Scott, Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, of York, President Judge of this District, to Miss MARY A. CADWELL, daughter of R. Cadwell, Esq., of the former place.

On the 8th of August, at Lagro, Wabash county, Indiana, Dr. MOSES CREVI, to Miss MARY ANN REINECKER, formerly of this place.

[COMMUNICATED.]

MARRIED—On Tuesday morning last, by Rev. Robert Johnston, Mr. AUGUSTUS DUNCAN, to Miss FLORENCE M., daughter of Mr. James Rowan, deceased—both of Franklin township.

As the planets all move in harmony with one another,
So may your lives quietly glide in love and kindness and brother.
And that love, which unites you together, shall endure over be,
As the river your journey through life's earthly sea.

Then may come the wild weather, some cloud or some storm,
They will stand by each other however it blow;
Opposers in anger, and sorrow and pain,
Shall be to their love but as flicks to the chain.

Died,

On the 8th ult., Mr. ABRAHAM TROSTLE, sen., of Huntingdon township, in the 74th year of his age.

At the residence of Jacob Y. Fisher, in Butler township, Adams county, on Monday the 26th ult., Mrs. ELIZABETH LEVENER, in her 78 year. She was born in Germany, came to this country when about 23 years of age, married and lived about 52 years.

On the 22d of August, at her residence in Westmoreland county, Mrs. ANN LAUDMAN, widow of the late Wm. Laudman, formerly of Gettysburg, and sister of Mr Robert Fahnestock, in the 73d year of her age.

On the 26th ult., in Lancaster, Pa., Mrs. ELIZABETH DAVIDSON, widow of the late Hon. Jos. Ingersoll, formerly of Fountain Dale, in this county, aged 69 years and 11 days.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Departed this life on the 23d of September, at the house of his grandfather, near Lancaster, Illinois, GEORGE WASHINGTON, child of Geo. W. Bergs, aged 4 months and 5 days.

He sighed to end death,
He sigh'd but for death,
But it gave no joys his mother dear,
To dwell above the skies.

NOTICE.

Estate of Abraham Trostle, deceased.

LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of ABRAHAM TROSTLE, late of Huntington township, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to call and make payment; and those having claims are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

☞The first named Executor resides in Huntington township, the last named in Straban township.

ISAAC B. TROSTLE, } *Ex'rs.*
PETER TROSTLE, }

Oct. 3. 6t

A FARM FOR SALE.

WILL BE OFFERED AT PUBLIC SALE,
On Saturday the 22d of October, inst.,
at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

A FARM,

situate in Franklin township, Adams county, one mile north of Cashtown, adjoining lands of Peter Sholl, heirs of John Mark, Peter Comfort and others, containing

140 ACRES.

The improvements are a two-story Log DWELLING-HOUSE, Bank Barn, Spring-house, and other Outbuildings: an excellent well of water near the door; and a first-rate ORCHARD of Choice Fruit. There is LIMESTONE on the premises. The fences are in good order, and also the land. There is a due proportion of TIMBER on the premises. Marsh-creek runs along the edge of the farm.

☞It will be sold altogether, or divided to suit purchasers.

Also—at the same time,

THIRTY ACRES OF MOUNTAIN LAND,

in lots of five to ten acres, to suit purchasers, lying about one mile north of Cashtown, between the Turnpike and the old York road.—There is no difficulty in getting the Timber off the lots.

Terms made known on day of sale.

MARY M. BROUGH.

Oct. 3. ts

NOTICE.

LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of SAMUEL LILLY, Esq., of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, residing in the same township, they hereby give notice to all those indebted to said Estate to call and make payment; and those having claims are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

SARAH LILLY, *Ex'x.*
HENRY RILEY, *Ex'r.*

Oct. 3. 6t

DIVIDEND.

THE President and Managers of the *York and Gettysburg Turnpike Company* have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR PER SHARE of the capital Stock, to be paid to the stockholders or their legal representatives, on or after the 28th inst., at Gettysburg, by

GEORGE SWOPE.

Sept. 27, 1853. 3t

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

NEW GOODS,

Just from the Cities!

J. L. SCHICK has just arrived from the Cities with an immense stock of FALL & WINTER GOODS, which he offers at greatly reduced prices. His stock embraces every article in the Staple and Fancy Goods line, embracing all the latest and most approved styles, which for beauty and attractiveness are rarely if ever surpassed. He can enumerate but a portion within the limits of an advertisement, to wit:

Ladies' Dress Goods,

such as Silks and Satins, French Merinoes, Paramatta and Coburg Cloths, Alpacas, De Bage, plaid, figured and plain De Laines, Bombazines, Sack Flannels, Ginghams, Calicoes, Shawls, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Sleeves, Chemisettes, Gloves and Stockings, Combs, Laces and Edgings, Robinetts, &c., &c.

For Gentlemen's Wear.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Jeans, Cords, a splendid lot of Vestings, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Merino Shirts and Drawers, &c., &c.

☞Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of patronage. His goods have been selected with care, and he flatters himself will please. His motto is—"Small profits and quick sales."

Oct. 3. tf

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be exposed to Public Sale, at the late residence of JAMES X. McGAUGHY, deceased, in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, *on Tuesday the 18th day of October, inst.*, the following Personal Property, to wit:

HORSES,

(Four of which are Work-Horses, and three Colts.) Milch Cows and Young Cattle, a lot of large Hogs, a large number of Shoats, a lot of Sheep, a good one-horse Wagon, and a strong Plantation Wagon, Horse-Gears of all descriptions, Ploughs, Harrows, Hay and Wood Ladders, Chains, and all kinds of Farming Utensils; Wheat, Oats, and Corn by the bushel; one field of Corn in the husk; 20 Tons of Hay; Beds and Bedding, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Cupboards, Tables, Chairs, two ten-plate Stoves, and a Cooking Stove, with every variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Sale to begin at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given, and terms made known by JOHN HORNER, *Adm'r.*

Oct. 3. 1s

New Fall Goods,

JUST received, and now opening, at the Store of

Oct. 3. S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

DRAW NEAR—COME AND SEE!

J. L. SCHICK would inform the Ladies that he now offers the largest and most splendid assortment of BONNETS, Bonnet Silks and Velvets, Ribbons, Flowers, & Hair Braids, ever before opened in this place. Call and see them—no trouble to show Goods.

Oct. 3. tf

CLOTHING—CLOTHING.

ABM ARNOLD has now on hand, and is constantly making up, Overcoats, Dress Coats, Frock Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, and every article in the Clothing line, which he will sell 20 per cent. cheaper than any CLOTHING STORE or SLOP SHOP in the Town or County.

☞Call and examine for yourselves.

Oct. 3. tf

LOOKING GLASSES, of all sizes and prices, for sale at SCHICK'S.

IRISH LINENS, Muslins, Tickings, Flannels, Linen Table Cloths, Toweling, and Drillings—a large variety—for sale at

Oct. 3. SCHICK'S.

QUEENSWARE! QUEENSWARE!

ABM ARNOLD has just received a large lot of QUEENSWARE, which he will sell low. Call and see.

TRUNKS! TRUNKS!

I have just received a large lot of TRUNKS, which I am selling without regard to cost, to make room for assortments.

Oct. 3. ABRAHAM ARNOLD.

DRESS GOODS of every style, De Bage, De Bage Alpaca, M. de Lanes, Alpaca, Silks, Plaids, &c., with trimmings to suit, for sale cheap at FAHNESTOCK'S.

TO THE LADIES OF GETTYSBURG AND VICINITY.

NEW GOODS.

GEORGE ARNOLD

HAS just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and is now opening the greatest variety of

Ladies' Dress & Fancy Goods,

ever offered to the public in this place—among which are

Highland Plaids, Paris Delanes, Debage, Poplins, M. Delanes, Persian Cloth, Coburg Cloth, Cashmeres, Silks, Bombazines, Paramatta Cloth, Prints, Silk Warp and Mohair, Black Alpacas, figured, changeable and plain Fancy color do., in great variety, Merinoes, Shally and Berage Delanes, with almost every other variety of Dress Goods; Sacking Flannels in great variety, scarlet and white Crape, Thibet Wool, Bay State long & other Shawls, broad silk Fringe and Lace; Ribbons, a beautiful article; Trimmings of every kind; Bonnet Velvets, Silks and Satins, Sleeves, Collars, plain and embroidered Linen Handkerchiefs, very superior; Hosiery, Gloves, &c. &c., with almost every article belonging to the trade.

The Ladies will please call, examine, and judge for themselves. Also,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets,

Cords, Flannels, and *Ready-made Clothing*, together with almost every other article in the way of Gentlemen's wear. Also,

Fresh Groceries & Queensware

—all of which will be sold as cheap as they can be had at any other establishment.—Please call and examine the Goods.

Gettysburg, Oct. 3. 4t

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

ABRAHAM ARNOLD has just returned from the Cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, with the

Largest, Cheapest, & Best Selected Stock of

Fall and Winter Dry Goods,

ever before offered to the citizens of Adams county—such as Blue, Black, and Brown French and German Cloths, Black & Fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Tweeds, Ky. Jeans, Satin & other Vestings, Alpacas, Merinoes, Cashmeres, De Beges, M. De Laine, Prints, and a great variety of Goods for Ladies' wear, too numerous to mention. Also, a large and beautiful assortment of long and square Shawls, and Sack Flannels.

☞Call and see for yourselves, as he is determined to undersell any Store in the Town or County.

Oct. 3. tf

NEW COACH FACTORY,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned respectfully announces to the Public that he will continue the

COACH-MAKING

BUSINESS, in all its branches, at the old stand recently occupied by the Firm of HAMERSLY & FREY, and is prepared to furnish to order, on reasonable terms, all kinds of COACHES, ROCKAWAYS, BOAT-BODY & JERSEY CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c., manufactured by the best of workmen, and which, for finish and durability, will challenge comparison with any manufactured in this place.

The undersigned is also prepared to attend to REPAIRING in all branches of the business, at the shortest notice.

WM. W. HAMERSLY.

Oct. 3. tf

To Journeyman Coachmakers.

THE subscriber is desirous of employing THREE HANDS, to work at Carriage-making—One Smith, one Wheel-maker, and one Body-maker. Address the subscriber, Martinsburg, Virginia. NEL ALLIN.

Martinsburg, Va., Sept. 26. 3t

The Pamphlet Laws

PASSED at the last session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, have been received at this office, and are ready for distribution to those authorized to receive them.

WM. W. PAXTON, *Prothy.*

Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, Sept. 26, 1853. 3t

NOTICE TO ASSESSORS.

THE Assessors elected at the last Spring Election, are hereby notified to attend at the Commissioners' Office, in the Borough of Gettysburg, to receive Blank Assessment Duplicates, and the necessary instructions, as follows:—The Assessors for Union, Conewago, Berwick, Oxford, Hamilton, Reading, Mountpleasant, Germany, Straban, and Mountjoy, will attend *on Tuesday the 11th of October next*; and the Assessors for the Borough, Cumberland, Freedom, Liberty, Hamiltonban, Franklin, Butler, Menallen, Tyrone, Huntington, and Latimore, will attend *on Thursday the 13th of October next.*

By order of the Commissioners.

J. AUGHINBAUGH, *Clk.*

Sept. 26. td

Hunterstown Female Institute.

THIS School will be under the joint supervision of the Rev. I. N. Hays and Miss Jane Hays, and will commence its first session of five months on the 1st *Monday of November next.* All the branches of a thorough education will be taught on very reasonable terms, and every effort made to enable the School to sustain a high reputation.

For circulars and full information address

I. N. HAYS,
Hunterstown, Pa.

Sept. 19.

GO! THIS WAY!

IN this age of Signs and Wonders, the subscriber would remark that he neither brags nor humbugs, but defies the County to produce a finer stock of

Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes,

than he is now opening; of every variety and description, of all qualities and prices, suitable for men, women and children.

☞Call, examine and judge for yourselves.

W. W. PAXTON.

Gettysburg, Sept. 26. tf

Stoves! Stoves!

ANDREW POLLEY

WISHES to inform the Public that he has the handsomest and largest lot of PARLOR and COOKING STOVES that has ever been in this market, and will sell Cooking Stoves as low as $20 a piece. Also on hand a large lot of COPPER KETTLES.

Sept. 26. tf

GROCERIES & QUEENSWARE very cheap at FAHNESTOCK'S.

REAL ESTATE

AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber, Executor of the Estate of GEORGE TOOT, deceased, will offer at Public Sale,

On Saturday the 29th day of October next,

at the late residence of said deceased, in Cumberland township, Adams county, about 3½ miles west of Gettysburg, the following REAL ESTATE of said deceased, to wit:

A FARM,

situate in Cumberland township, Adams co., adjoining lands of Hugh McGaughy, Widow Stewart, and other lands of said deceased, containing

154 Acres of Land,

and the usual allowance, on which are erected a two-story Log DWELLING-HOUSE, having a Log Kitchen connected with it, and a good Stone Bank Barn, Wagon-shed and Corn-crib, and other out-buildings. There are about 16 Acres of excellent Meadow, and a good proportion of TIMBER.—Also,

A Lot of Ground,

near the above Farm, containing 12 ACRES and 36 PERCHES, on which is erected a Log DWELLING-HOUSE and Log Stable.—Also,

TWO WOOD LOTS,

adjoining the above Lot of Ground, one containing 11 ACRES and 3 PERCHES; the other 6 ACRES, more or less, of prime TIMBER.—Also,

Lots No. 10 and No. 11,

in the Borough of Gettysburg, 120 feet in front, and 142 in depth, on Washington street, adjoining the Catholic graveyard, and Mr. Error, on which is erected a Frame HOUSE.—Also,

Lot No. 21,

one square in the new Burying-ground of the German Reformed and Lutheran Congregations, in Gettysburg.—Also,

A TRACT OF

MOUNTAIN LAND,

situate in Hamiltonban township, Adams co., about 2½ miles from the "Virginia Mills," on the road to Waynesboro', adjoining lands of John Eline, Juliana Hoke, and others, containing

104 Acres and 140 Perches,

and allowance, on which is erected a DWELLING-HOUSE, part stone and part log, and a Stable; about 15 or 20 Acres cleared; an ORCHARD and other Fruit Trees. The balance is covered with Chestnut, Locust, Oak and other Timber.

All the above mentioned property will be shown to any person desirous of purchasing, by THOMAS KELLY, Mr. SIGES, or the Executor, residing in Freedom township.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given, and terms made known by

JACOB MYERS, *Ex'r.*

Sept. 19. ts

VALUABLE TIMBER-LAND

FOR SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, on

Saturday the 15th day of October next,

a portion of the Real Estate of WILLIAM M. SCOTT, deceased, consisting of a very valuable

Tract of Timber-Land,

situate in Hamiltonban township, Adams co., containing

60 Acres and 54 Perches,

adjoining lands of Samuel Cobean, Jacob Plank, David M'Millan and others. A large portion of said tract is covered with valuable thriving TIMBER, such as ash, white-oak, &c. The land will be offered entire or in lots to suit purchasers.

☞Sale will commence at 11 o'clock, A. M. Attendance will be given and terms made known by

WILLIAM DOUGLASS, *Trustee.*

By the Court—EDEN NORRIS, *Clerk.*

Sept. 26. td

A VALUABLE FARM

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, on very favorable terms, his FARM,

Containing 200 Acres,

more or less, of Patented Land, situated in Butler township, Adams county, six miles from Gettysburg, two miles north-east from Middletown, five miles south-west from Petersburg; and adjoining Lower's Mill, (formerly Bell's) on Big Conewago Creek. The improvements are a large two-story double DWELLING-HOUSE, with two Kitchens to it, two Bakeovens, and two Cellars, with a well at the door, with very good water, and a Spring within sight of the house; also a large Stone Bank Barn, and a double Wagon-shed, with a Corn-crib in the middle of it; a double Hog-pen, a Smoke-house, &c., and a well in the Barn-yard with a pump in it to water the stock; a LARGE ORCHARD, with all kinds of Grafted Fruits. There is a sufficiency of good WOODLAND and MEADOW to the place. There is a large quantity of Chestnut Rails on the farm; a great deal of Post-fence; the fences all in good repair; and the Farm under good cultivation. It is fenced in twelve divisions, and would suit very well to divide. It lies very convenient to the Mills and Blacksmith Shops, and all kinds of Tradesmen.

☞To suit purchasers, the above will be sold entire, or there will be sold separate,

A Tract of 50 Acres,

lying on the Public Road leading from Hunterstown to Middletown, adjoining lands of Wm. Cashman, and others. There is a sufficiency of Meadow and Woodland. All is under good fence, and in a high state of cultivation.

☞Any person wishing to see the Farm, can call on the subscriber, who will show it to him. There will be a great bargain given in making the payments to suit purchasers.

PETER LATSHAW.

Sept. 26. 4t

NOTICE.

Estate of David White, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of DAVID WHITE, late of Reading township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, residing in the same township, they hereby give notice to all those indebted to said Estate to call and make payment without delay, and those having claims, are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

MOSES M. NEELY, } *Adm'rs.*
GEORGE J. WHITE, }

Sept. 19. 6t

Adjourned Court.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Adjourned Court of Common Pleas will be held at Gettysburg, on and for the County of Adams, on *Monday the 17th day of October next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all parties interested are requested to be present.

JOHN SCOTT, Sen'r.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Sept. 12, 1853. 4t

A FIRST RATE
LIMESTONE & BLUE SLATE

FARM FOR SALE.

BY order of the Orphans' Court of Frederick county, and in accordance with the Wills of MARY & BARBARA SAUM, dec'd, the Subscriber offers at Private Sale, until

Wednesday the 16th day of November next,

if not sold previously, it will then be offered at Public Sale, to the highest bidder. The Public Sale will take place on the above day, on the premises, at 10 o'clock, A. M. This Farm is of the best quality of Limestone and Blue Slate Land, lying on Sam's Creek, in Frederick county, Md., about one mile south of McKinstry's Mills, and 6 miles south of Uniontown, Carroll county. It contains about

280 ACRES OF LAND,

but can be conveniently divided into 2 Farms. The buildings are of the best order: a large substantially built BRICK HOUSE; a large Switzer or Bank Barn, Stone below and Frame above, with all necessary out buildings, such as Spring-house, Wagon-house, Hog-houses, &c. A large and never-failing SPRING near the House, an abundance of

FRUIT TREES,

and other matters, making it a most desirable property.

Most of the fields have a sufficiency of Water for Stock, and the Timber on the Farm is superabundant. A portion of the Woodland may be cleared, the wood of which would nearly, if not quite, pay for the land off of which it may be taken, and leave a sufficiency for the uses of the farm.

More than this general description is unnecessary, as persons desirous of purchasing will view the place previously by calling on the Subscriber, living adjoining Uniontown, Carroll county, Maryland, or on SAMUEL McKINSTRY, Esq., at McKinstry's Mills, in the neighborhood of the Farm.

Also, on the same day, if not previously sold at Private Sale, will be offered

A WOOD LOT,

separated from the Farm by a public road leading from McKinstry's Mills to the Copper Mine road, containing *Five Acres Three Quarters and Eleven Perches.* This is a valuable Lot, heavily timbered.

☞There is also

A SMALL LOT

of a FEW PERCHES near the Meeting House, that would answer for a Mechanic.

The Conditions of the Sale as ordered by the Orphan's Court, are: One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof, and the balance in two equal payments, with interest from the day of sale. On the payment of the whole of the purchase money, the undersigned will give a good and sufficient Deed conveying all the right and title of Mary and Barbara Saum to the above, which is unquestionable.

DANIEL ZOLLIKOFFER, *Ex'r of the Wills of Mary & Barbara Saum.*

Sept. 19. ts

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,

NEAR EMMITSBURG.

BY authority of Mrs. JANE WILLIAMS, I will sell at Public Auction, at the house of Mr. WILLIAM WEIL, in Emmitsburg, commencing at 10 *o'clock, A. M., on Saturday the 29th day of October next*, that VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, adjoining Emmitsburg on the east, and now in the tenure of Mr. Rider.

It consists of a Farm, containing upwards of

300 ACRES.

That portion (some 20 Acres) east of the lane next below the Littlestown road, will be sold separately, and the balance in parcels or entire, as may be desirable to purchasers.

The Improvements comprise a superior and conveniently arranged BRICK MANSION, situated on an eminence commanding a beautiful prospect of the surrounding country, a large Barn, a commodious Dwelling House on the opposite side of the road, with all convenient appurtenances, gardens, Orchard, &c. The land is of good quality, and the buildings, fences, &c., are in excellent order. There is an abundance of WOOD-LAND for the supply of the Farm, (some 40 Acres.) A stream of water furnishes a supply for stock, and a pump at one house, and a well and cistern at the other, for domestic uses. The newly constructed Plank Road, extending to the Baltimore Turnpike at Westminster, passes through the centre of the Farm. The very pleasant and healthy location of this property, its proximity to excellent schools, to churches of various denominations, to the distinguished Literary Institutions, "Mt. St. Mary's College," and "St. Joseph's Academy," (it adjoins the premises of the latter,) and especially the now easy and pleasant access to the Baltimore Market, entitle it to the attention of purchasers.

Terms—Ten equal annual payments (the first on the first day of April next, when possession will be given, subject to the rights of the present tenant,) with interest payable annually. The security for the deferred payments to be satisfactory to the subscriber.

I will also sell, at the same time and place, in lots from 5 to 8 Acres, that valuable tract of

MOUNTAIN LAND,

situated a few miles west of Emmitsburg, and containing 100 ACRES. The timber on this land is not surpassed by any in the county, consisting of the finest Chestnut, Poplar, Oak, &c. This is the last chance for Farmers in the neighborhood to procure a good mountain lot. A plat of the land can be seen at Mr. Sifert's, near the premises, and another will be left at the house of Mr. Weil.

Terms.—One third cash, the balance in two equal annual payments with interest, the purchaser giving notes with acceptable security.

I will also sell at Private Sale, (subject to a lease expiring April 1st, 1854,) that desirable Farm, a short distance from Millerstown, Adams county, Pa., now occupied by the family of the late David Witherow. It contains

175 Acres of Land,

of good quality. The buildings comprise a large new stone DWELLING HOUSE, and Switzer Barn, a Spring-house with an excellent spring near the dwelling, a very large ORCHARD of Choice FRUIT TREES. A constant stream of water passes through the Farm. The indications of Copper on this Farm entitle it to the attention of speculators in that article.

The payments can be distributed through a number of years if desired. The subscriber will take pleasure in giving any further information. His address is Frederick, Md.

Sept. 26. JOHN H. WILLIAMS.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership, in the Coach-making business, heretofore existing under the firm of HAMERSLY & FREY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and all persons who have any claims against the late firm, will present them to the undersigned for settlement; and all persons indebted to said firm, will make payment without delay to W. W. HAMERSLY, who is duly authorized to receive the same.

W. W. HAMERSLY.
J. G. FREY.

Gettysburg, Sept. 26. 3t

☞The undersigned will continue the COACH-MAKING business, in all its branches, at the old stand.

W. W. HAMERSLY.

Sept. 26.

EXECUTOR'S SALE

OF

REAL ESTATE.

I WILL SELL ON THE PREMISES,
On Saturday, the 15th day of October next,
By Public Vendue or Outcry, the

TRACT OF LAND,

SITUATE in Butler township, Adams co., Pa., lately in the occupancy of FRANCIS McNITT, deceased. The property is situated at the junction of the Public Roads leading from Gettysburg to Carlisle, and from York to Chambersburg. It is bounded by lands of Joseph Bayly, Jesse Bucher, Wm. Slothower, Daniel Salizgever, John Quickel and others, and containing

242 ACRES,

and the usual allowance. The improvements are a large two-story LOG HOUSE, Log Barn, a one-story Log Tenant-house; an Orchard; two wells of water near the building; several fine springs of water upon the place. There is a large proportion of fine Meadow, also of good Timber; and both so situated as to render a division of the Tract (if desired) convenient.

Sale to commence at one o'clock, P. M.—Attendance given and terms made known by

JOSEPH TORRENCE,
Executor of the last will and testament of Joseph Torrence, deceased.

Sept. 5. ts

☞Persons desirous of viewing the Tract previous to the day of sale, are requested to call upon Capt. HENRY WITMER, residing near the same.

☞Any information as to the title, &c., can be obtained from MOSES M'CLEAN, Esq., my Attorney, residing in Gettysburg. J. T.

A LOT FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, his LOT, situated in Freedom township, Adams county, 5 miles from Gettysburg, near the road leading to Emmitsburg, containing

23 Acres, more or less,

adjoining lands of George Spangler, George Weikert, and Joseph Creager.—The improvements are a 1½ story HOUSE, with a basement story. The basement part is stone, and the other part log. Also, a new Stable, with threshing-floor and corn-crib; a log Shop near the house; a new stone Spring-house, with a never-failing spring running through it; also, another first-rate spring on the lot; a thriving young ORCHARD of Apples, Peaches, Plums and Pears. There is also a portion of TIMBER to the lot. Marsh-creek runs alongside of it.

☞Any person wishing to view the property, can do so by calling on the subscriber, living thereon. HENRY MACKLEY.

Aug. 15. tf

A SMALL FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on advantageous terms,

A FARM,

Containing about 34 Acres,

situate on the Carlisle Road, four miles north of Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Henry Witmer, Jesse Boecher, and others. The improvements are a good LOG HOUSE, partly new, a good Log Barn, a Spring-house, over an excellent spring, with other necessary Out-buildings. There is a large quantity of Fruit of every kind. There is a sufficient quantity of very good Meadow.

The property will be shown by John Beam, residing thereon, or the subscriber, in Gettysburg.

☞If not sold before Saturday the 15th of October next, it will on that day be offered at Public Sale, on the premises.

JOHN ADAIR.

June 27. tf

NEW OXFORD

Collegiate & Medical Institute.

VALENTINE SCHEER, Professor in the Collegiate Department.

M. D. G. PFEIFFER, M. D., Professor in the Medical Department.

THE Winter Session in this Institution will commence on *Monday the 10th day of October next*—and will end on the last Monday in March following.

Tuition fee in the Collegiate Department $15—Contingencies $1 50. Tuition fee in the Medical Department $20—Contingencies $2 50. German language, per session, $5; French do., $5; Drawing, $5; Music, $10. Payment, in all cases, in advance.

Boarding, washing, &c., is furnished by either of the Professors for $90 per annum—quarterly in advance.

M. D. G. PFEIFFER, *Principal.*

New Oxford, Sept. 12. td

NOW READY:

The New Methodist Singing Book!

LUTE OF ZION. By I. B. WOODBURY, assisted by Rev. H. MATTISON, Pastor of the John Street Methodist Church. It comprises nearly one Thousand pieces of the choicest music, including almost every old tune of any merit ever published; it represents some two hundred of the finest composers the world ever saw, and contains every variety of meter now in use, with copious indexes to every part. The LUTE is therefore held with truth to be an almost exhaustless mine of the richest Sacred Musical Treasures ever presented to the public. Glowing with the animation and burning zeal of the communion for which it is designed, the tunes are nevertheless equally adapted to the Hymn Books of all denominations of Christians. Of Mr. Woodbury's last Book, the Dulcimer,

OVER 150,000 COPIES

have been issued since its appearance three years ago, and still the demand is on the increase. Is any further evidence of the admiration in which he is held as a Composer to be desired?

From the enthusiasm with which the LUTE has already been greeted, a reception for it similar to that meted to the Dulcimer is confidently expected.

Any professional musician desiring a copy of either the Lute or the Dulcimer for examination, can have it sent to him, free of postage, by remitting 60 cents to the Publisher.

F. J. HUNTINGTON,
23 Park Row, New York.

Sept. 19. eow4t

OPENING OF FASHIONS.

KELLER KURTZ

HAS OPENED HIS FALL STYLES FOR GENTLEMEN'S

HATS & CAPS,

ALSO,

Men's, Boys', Youth's, Ladies', Misses' & Childs' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Ties, and Slippers.

Sept. 5.

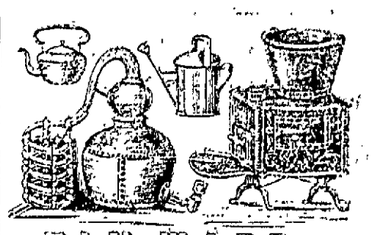
WALL PAPER.

Over 10,000 Pieces in Store!

FROM 6 Cents per piece and upwards, including fine Satins, Gold, Velvets, imitation of Woods, Marbles, &c.

ALSO, a great variety of new styles of Curtain Papers, Fire Board Prints, Borders, &c., all of which will certainly be sold at the very lowest cash prices. Call and see, at the cheap Bookstore of KELLER KURTZ

June 6. tf



TIN WARE.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has on hand, at the shop nearly opposite Wattles' Globe Inn, York st., Gettysburg, and formerly kept by Andrew Poffer, the largest and best assortment of TIN WARE in the County, which he will sell at prices which cannot fail to please. He will also execute to order,

House Spouting, Metallic Roofing, Hydrant Work, Stove Work, &c.,

with promptness, and in a workmanlike manner, with the best materials. So well satisfied is he of the strength, neatness, and durability of his Ware, that he feels confident in warranting it as equal to any made anywhere. Persons wanting Ware, are invited to call and examine his stock, as he is determined to sell low. S. G. COOK.

Gettysburg, Aug. 29. tf

☞Cash paid for old COPPER, BRASS, and PEWTER.

BOUNTY LANDS.

PERSONS entitled to Bounty Lands under the acts of Congress of the United States, can have their claims promptly and efficiently attended to, by application either personally or by letter, to the subscriber, at his office in Gettysburg. Claimants whose applications have been suspended on account of deficiency in proof, may find it to their advantage to call.

☞The fee charged is $3 in each case, payable upon the delivery of the warrant.

The subscriber will also attend to claims for Pensions for Revolutionary or other services, and the location of lands. The sale and purchase of Land Warrants attended to, and the highest cash price paid for the same.

R. G. McCREARY, *Attorney at Law.*

May 17. tf

R. HERVEY. J. P. CLARKSON.

HERVEY & CLARKSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

Office No. 44 Clark street, CHICAGO, Ill.

COMMISSIONERS for the States of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Michigan, Wisconsin and Florida. Agents for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, and Conveyancers. Titles examined, and Abstracts prepared with care and promptness. Collections made.

Aug. 15. 1y

JOHN F. CLARK,

Agent for Procuring Patents,

Corner of E & 8th streets, near the Patent Office, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Specifications and Drawings prepared. Particular attention paid Rejected Applications.

Nov. 29. tf

JAMES G. REED,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE late of Hon. D. M. SMYSER, on Baltimore street, third door from the Diamond.

April 12. tf

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office.

Dec. 23. tf

D. M'CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the Southwest Corner of the Public Square, one door South of George Arnold's Store, formerly occupied as a Law Office by John McConaughy, Esq., deceased.

☞D. McConaughy will also attend promptly to all business entrusted to him as

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR

For Patents and Pensions.

He has made arrangements through which he can furnish very desirable facilities to applicants, and entirely relieve them from the necessity of a journey to Washington.

☞D. McC. is prepared to attend to the prosecution of claims for BOUNTY LAND to Soldiers of the war of 1812, and others—the selection of *choice lands*, and locating their *Warrants*—procuring *Patents*, and selling *Soldiers' land* to the best advantage.

☞Apply personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 4. tf

H. L. FISHER,

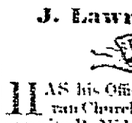
ATTORNEY AT LAW, YORK, PA.,

WILL continue to practice in the several Courts of Adams county, as heretofore.

June 27. tf

REMOVAL.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.



THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, October 3, 1853.

WHIG STATE TICKET.

For Canal Commissioner,
MOSES POWNALL, of Lancaster.
For Auditor General,
A. K. M'CLURE, of Franklin.
For Surveyor General,
CHRISTIAN MEYERS, Clarion.
For Judge of the Supreme Court.
THOMAS A. BUDD, of Philadelphia.

WHIG COUNTY TICKET.

Senator,
DAVID MELLINGER.
Assembly,
JOHN C. ELLIS.
Commissioner.
JAMES J. WILLS.
Auditor.
DR. EDMUND F. SHORB.
Director of Poor.
JOSEPH BAYLY.
County Treasurer,
GEORGE ARNOLD.
District Attorney.
JAMES G. REED.
County Surveyor.
GEORGE B. HEWITT.

AN APPRENTICE

To the PRINTING BUSINESS will be taken at this Office. An immediate application is desired.

The Election.

In a little more than one week, the people will be again called upon to exercise an inestimable privilege—that of choosing those who are to legislate for them, and serve in other stations of importance as their servants. This is a privilege which ought not to be thought lightly of, and should never be neglected. It is the duty of every man to vote, and vote understandingly.

The Whigs of Adams have a ticket before them, settled harmoniously according to the established usage of the party, and one which, as a whole, has been rarely excelled. If, then, there were no other reason for its hearty support than arises from the fact of its being the ticket of the Whig party, every good Whig would rally around it. But there are connected with it other important considerations which Whigs should not for a moment lose sight of. The tax-payers are tired of the burden of taxation, without a prospect of its termination; and a very strong feeling has arisen, that the Public Works, which, in the hands of the present corrupt party, are made a source of plunder, should be sold, and the public debt so much reduced, as to lighten the present burdens. This is a measure which many Democrats, as well as the Whigs, have at heart. Now it is well known that our candidate for Senator, Dr. MELLINGER, and our candidate for the Assembly, Mr. ELLIS, are both in favor of this important measure, and Mr. DOUGLASS and Mr. MYERS, their opponents, are hostile to it, and will vote to continue the present system. If there were nothing else than this one fact to induce a support of our candidates, it would be sufficient.—We calculate confidently, therefore, that the Whigs of Adams will see the importance of giving an undivided vote for our Legislative candidates—remembering that *one vote* may determine the fate of a measure so important. It is no time to strike names from tickets, when measures of vital interest are at stake. We hope our Whig friends of the "Young Guard" will view this matter in the same strong light that we do, and fail not in giving their undivided support to the candidates of the party.—Personal feeling should ever be sacrificed for the good of the whole. This is the principle upon which we act; and we trust our Whig friends will see the importance of doing likewise.

☞Mr. EVANS, of Chester county, who is a member of the Senate of Pennsylvania, and Editor of the Village Record, thus speaks of our candidate for Senate:

"In the Adams district, Dr. MELLINGER, the old member of the House, is the Whig candidate for the Senate. He sustained a high reputation as a man of education, integrity and character, and his presence in the Senate will enable him to do good service not only to his constituents but to the State at large."

The Battle.

☞The great battle at the Ballot-box comes off on the second Tuesday of October.

The time is close at hand—a little more than one week will decide the day.

Whigs, are you ready?

Will all the Whig voters be out?

Will they vote the whole Ticket?

It is time the Whig strong-holds were moving—the enemy are wide awake, and we may expect they will poll a full vote.—Everything is moving on quietly, but still water sometimes runs deep!

☞Let every whig bear in mind that we have a good State Ticket in the field—that we have a County Ticket composed of men eminently worthy of support—and above all, bear in mind that every vote given in favor of the Whig State and County ticket will be set down as a vote in favor of Retrenchment, Reform, and Economy; while every vote for the other side will be used to signify the reverse. Mark that!

The Senate.

This conservative branch of the Legislature has been Whig for a number of years. With a democratic Governor and House, the Whig Senate has occupied the position of a balance-wheel, and preserved the State from the wild and turbulent schemes of locofocoism. The Whigs of the State have it in their power still to maintain control over this branch of the Government, and we hope they will not suffer it to pass into the hands of their adversaries, and thus lose all check upon them. Should this District pass into their hands, the Whigs lose the Senate, with all the advantages which such a check gives them. Those Whigs, therefore, who, from any cause, are lukewarm as regards Dr. MELLINGER, or who will not vote for him, must bear in mind that by lending their aid in any way to the success of his opponent, they are losing the Whig preponderance in the Senate, and casting a vote against the sale of the Public Works—that measure which is now so loudly called for to put an end to the corruption which is daily practiced in regard to them.

There are a few individuals who do not go into the support of the Whig candidate for Senator with energy, from some cause or other. But we would in all earnestness ask them, are they awake to the importance of his success at this time? One vote may decide the fate of that important measure which is now agitating the State—namely, the sale of the Public Works; and the loss of one Senator will throw the Senate into the hands of our opponents. Is it not the duty, therefore, of every Whig to cast his vote for the regular candidate of the party—when he sees such important issues are involved in his success? Is it not his duty to sacrifice every personal feeling, when the good of the Whig party, and the best interests of the State demand it? Certainly it is—and we mistake the character of the Whigs of the "Young Guard," if they do not rally round the candidate of their party with a unanimity which has ever characterized them, and given them a proud name among their brethren of the State.

Sale of the Public Works.

Voter—Whig—Democrat—Are you in favor of a Sale of the Public Works?

Then vote the Whig ticket.

Why should the works not be sold? If they are valuable, and there is no doubt of it, will they not bring all they are worth? Are they worth more to the State than they would be to a company? Who believes it? Nobody. The State must always be pillaged by its agents. So it has been—so it will be. Who denies it? Who doubts it?

The Whig ticket is pledged to a sale.—The Whig papers—the Whig party is for a sale. Democrats—do you wish a sale?—Then why not vote for men who agree with you? Do you prefer the triumph of *party* to the triumph of *principle*, and the Sale of the Public Works? What advantage is a *party triumph*, if it be hostile to your ideas of the public welfare. Remember that you can never have a sale, as long as you support and vote for men opposed to it!

But it may be said that the Democratic candidates are in favor of a sale. Who says so? What is the authority? They dare not make the avowal. They have not done so—neither the candidate for Canal Commissioner,—nor Auditor General,—nor Surveyor General! They dare not—mark that! All the *honest men* on the Portage Railroad, and elsewhere, would be down on them; they would do it at their peril!

Vote for the WHIG COUNTY TICKET!

Vote for MOSES POWNALL.

Vote for McCLURE.

Vote for Judge MYERS.

☞The only safe plan, is to get the *regular settled Whig Ticket*, from some reliable source, and *vote it whole*. No one ever regretted voting the regular settled ticket; while it rarely or never happens that a person scratches a ticket, or votes in opposition to the regular nominees of his party, without sooner or later regretting it.

Adams County Democratic Ticket.

Senator—J. W. Douglass.
Assembly—Jacob A. Myers.
Commissioner—Frederick Wolf.
Auditor—John Butt, jr.
Director—Isaac Miller.
Dist. Attorney—E. B. Buehler.
Surveyor—J. G. Brinkerhoff.
Treasurer—Leonard Stouch.

☞The Democratic Conferees of Franklin and Adams met at Goodyear's on Monday last, and placed in nomination J. W. DOUGLASS, of Chambersburg, as their candidate for Senator in this District. There was a ballot or two by the Adams county conferees for Mr. M'CLEAN, but they eventually went over to the support of Mr. DOUGLASS.

☞The Democratic candidates for the Legislature in York county, (Wilson, Eckert and Sidle,) have come out in a card, declaring that should they be elected, they would vote against the passage of a Prohibitory Liquor Law, believing that a large majority of the citizens of York county are opposed to it.

☞*A Veteran Office-holder.*—John Bickel, Esq., the Postmaster at Jonestown, Lebanon county, Pa., was appointed to that office under Jefferson's Administration, by Gideon Granger, on the 23d of September, 1802—so that he has held the office upwards of *fifty-one years!* He is now 78 years of age, and does all the business himself.

Are you Ready, Whigs?

In a very few days, you will be required to take part in the election of

A Judge of the Supreme Court,
A Canal Commissioner,
An Auditor General,
A Surveyor General,

And this election will record your sentiments upon the engrossing question of THE SALE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS

How stands the organization of your district? Is it *blocked off*—that is, divided into as many parts as there are *working Whigs* among you, and is each part assigned to one who is *able and willing* to bring its voters to the polls? It is not so important that the district should be divided into many blocks, as that every block should be *thoroughly canvassed*. If you have but two or three men able and willing to work, the number of your blocks should not exceed the number of your hands; and if you are the only working man in the Election District, make it all your own block!

If the organization of your District is not thus far advanced, it is high time that it should be. Make it your business to see your active men and collect them together, so that they may divide the labor and undertake their parts as speedily as possible.—And let your calculations be, not to poll *a good common vote*, but THE WHOLE WHIG FORCE of your Election District! This may cost labor, but you will be repaid by the pride and credit of the result.—*Examiner.*

A Good Time Coming.

The Harrisburg Telegraph calls upon the Whig counties in the Commonwealth to do their duty at the coming election, by returning Whig members to the Legislature, inasmuch as it appears altogether probable that the county of Philadelphia will return Whig Representatives, in which case, if there be no falling off in the Whig counties, we shall have a majority in the House of Representatives. In this case, one of the first acts of the session will be a law for the sale of the public works.

Whigs! do your duty, and a better time may be anticipated. Once break up the "Lazar-house of corruption" as the public works were pronounced two years ago, by Mr. Wise, a Democratic representative from Armstrong, and the fortress of Locofoco power will be ruined. The Whigs will then be likely to receive a reasonable share of the benefits of Legislation.

Whigs!

Everything depends on your efforts.—What have you done? We fear that echo answers "*what?*"

Well—well. There is yet time enough, but none to spare. Get together—talk over the prospects of the party at home—divide your townships, and *organize*—ORGANIZE—ORGANIZE.

Perhaps this word of advice from us is unnecessary. So much the better, if you have taken this precaution already.

The Whigs must not be caught napping!

The Young Guard must do her duty!—The Whigs of the State expect it. *They will not be disappointed.*

The Whig banner floats brightly in the breeze, and every true Whig will follow it on to victory! Upon the broad folds are inscribed "Union and the Constitution"—"American Industry," and an "Honest and Economical Administration of the State and National Governments."

These are the wholesome principles which call for our zealous and enthusiastic support. Whigs awake—arouse—shake the dew-drops from your garments! These are the words of the lamented Clay, on another but similar occasion. Let us follow his counsels! Let every Whig do his duty.

When Nelson fought the battle of Trafalgar, which decided the fate of his country, he told his gallant tars that "England expects every man to do his duty." In like manner we may say that Pennsylvania expects every *Whig* to do his duty.

A good soldier is never found sleeping at his post. He is always ready to meet the enemy, and eager for the contest, with his harness on.

If the Whigs come out in solid phalanx on next Tuesday week, we shall have an old fashioned Waterloo! No doubt of it. Why should *not* the Whigs come out in their strength—and in a solid column, too? Can any one assign a reason? We should like to hear it! We venture to say that any good true Whig will be able to knock the props from every pretext or argument, that should be set up against a full and united support of the Whig Ticket.

If there be any weak brethren, disaffected with a portion or any of the Whig Candidates, a little wholesome counsel will prevent the disaffection from spreading! The true plan is to meet every objection, with argument. Sometimes disaffection grows out of a mistake or misapprehension, and a little explanation will make all things right. Sometimes a voter objects to a candidate, because he has personal dislikes to him—or perhaps some designing political opponent has secretly infused a poison into his mind. Meet such flimsy objections,—scatter them to the winds—show their inconsistency—and hold up their authors to the contempt of the public.

☞At a meeting of the hard-shell democrats, (as they term them) in New York on Monday night, the platform gave way, and a number of persons were much injured, one or two fatally. Among the number was Mike Walsh, Congressman elect, who was so much injured internally, that his recovery is doubtful.

Prohibitory Law Convention.

In another column will be found the proceedings of a Mass Prohibition meeting held in Gettysburg on Saturday week. It will be observed that the Hon. GEORGE CHAMBERS was put in nomination for Senator, and a committee appointed to wait upon him to ask his acceptance. This was done on Monday last; and we learn that Judge CHAMBERS very respectfully declined the nomination, and urged the propriety of not having a third candidate in the field, for reasons which have had so much weight with those who had hastily made this nomination, that they have abandoned their opposition, and resolved not to settle another candidate at this time.

☞The Postmaster General has ordered a contract with Mr. Frederick Wolf, for mail service, regularly, three times a week, between Abbottstown and Hanover.

☞The second semi-annual Exhibition of the Hunterstown English and Classical Academy, took place on Wednesday evening last, in the Presbyterian Church. There was a very large assemblage of persons on the occasion; all of whom were highly gratified with the exercises. Speeches were delivered by Messrs. J. U. H. Neely, J. Graft, S. M. Neely, J. B. King, G. M. P. Minnich, R. H. King, J. C. Neely, C. W. Mateer, G. R. Brandon, B. J. Reed, G. C. Brandon, H. Sidsinger, J. K. M'Ilheny, and J. E. Garretson.

A Fact for the People.

In 1844 the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania declared by an overwhelming majority of nineteen thousand and some odd votes at the ballot box, that the Canals and Railroads belonging to the State should be sold. How much money has been spent on the Public Works since that vote was given, inquires the Harrisburg Telegraph, and how much has the State debt been reduced? Millions upon millions have been spent upon our Canals and Railroads, and not one cent of the State debt has ever been paid by any revenue derived from them.

Scheming politicians then manœuvered to defeat the will of the people, that they might still continue the system of public plunder, and they will do so again if it is in their power. It is important, therefore, for the people who wish the public works sold, and the State relieved of its burden, that they send thorough and trustworthy advocates of the measure to the Legislature.

☞A vessel arrived at New York from Liverpool on Wednesday, with a large number of passengers. No less than 79 persons died on the passage!

☞A duel took place a few days ago between Major Arnold, the Commandant at Fort Graham, Texas, and Dr. J. M. Steiner, the Post Surgeon. The arms used were pistols, six-shooters. Major Arnold received four shots in his body, of which he died in 15 minutes. Dr. Steiner was uninjured. Each of Steiner's shots took effect. Arnold fired twice without effect.

☞*Harper's Magazine*, for October, is a splendid number, and is still adding attraction to attraction. The eighth volume will commence in December with the issue of an edition of 135,000 copies. This shows the unprecedented popularity which this Magazine has attained.

☞*Graham's Magazine, for October*, with all its attractions, is on our table. It is illustrated with a superb steel engraving of a sweet face, "Pensive Thought," and some twenty elegant wood engravings, illustrative of Rhenish, Rhonish, Caucasian, and Egyptian scenery. The contributions are of the best order of American literature, and the whole executed in the very neatest manner.

☞It is stated that on the 15th of this month the water will be let into the whole line of the North Branch Canal, to the New York State line—so that this work will be soon open for navigation.

☞On Wednesday last, the Whig State Convention of Massachusetts nominated Judge WASHBURN as the Whig candidate for Governor of that State, and T. C. PLUNKETT for Lieutenant Governor.

☞By way of Halifax we have accounts from Bermuda to the 15th instant. The yellow fever was very fatal at St. George's. Lieut. Gov. WOODWARD and fifteen officers of the fifty-sixth regiment had died. Of two hundred convicts fifty had died, and only twenty-five had escaped the fever.—Two-thirds of the sappers and miners were in the hospital. JOHN M. HOWDEN, the American Consul, had died.

☞"Ashland," the home of Henry Clay, which was sold at public sale last week, was purchased by Jas. B. Clay, his son, at $140 per acre. The tract contains 337 acres.

☞"Bloomers," is a name which the N. York Journal of Commerce gives to the ladies' long dresses which sweep the sidewalks of the city, vs. the "Bloomers" worn by those ladies who put on short frocks and pantaloons. It is said that several fashionable ladies have undertaken to sweep the sidewalks of Broadway with the trains of expensive dresses.

Death Caused by the Sting of a Bee.—The Sechiane Sentinel says that Miss Mary Van Derveer, daughter of M. S. Van Derveer, of Argusville, in that county, died on the 11th ult., after an illness of a few days, caused by the sting of a bee.

Important from Europe.

The steamer Washington arrived at New York on Thursday, with Liverpool dates to the 14th ult.

There was a small advance in Breadstuffs. Flour had advanced 1s. and wheat 3*d.* per bushel.

It is said that Russia has rejected the proposition of the Sultan, and war seems inevitable. Russian troops were marching into Moldavia; and the warlike preparations of Turkey were carried on with unabated vigor. The troops were working night and day on the fortifications on the Danube.—The Turkish army in the vicinity of Varna amounted to 90,000 men, with 250 guns and six batteries of heavy metal—and they can hardly be restrained from attacking the Russians—to such a pitch has their zeal arisen.

LATER.

The steamer America has arrived, with three days later from Europe.

It was reported that the Turkish troops had attacked the Russian outposts.

Flour had advanced one shilling more; wheat 6d. to 7d.; corn 1 to 2 shillings.

☞On Thursday last, JOHN FISHER, Esq., Cashier of the Bank of Westminster, gave freedom to all his slaves, five in number. He gave them also an outfit of nearly $1,000. They were all very valuable negroes. Four of them have removed to near Hanover, where they have purchased some land. One of them will not leave his old master.

Fine Peaches.

Mr. JACOB MUMMERT, of Straban township, presented us, a few days ago, with some fine peaches, which measured 9 inches in circumference. The quality, too, was delicious.

☞Gen. James Talmadge, of New York, Ex-Senator and Ex-minister to Russia, died very suddenly on Thursday last, at the Metropolitan Hotel in New York, on his return from a visit to the Crystal Palace.

☞There was a terrible storm and gale on the Lakes on Wednesday last. Two vessels were sunk at Michigan city, and their cargoes, which were valuable, entirely lost, and it is feared that serious disasters have occurred on the lakes, causing loss of life and property.

☞It is said that not less than 4,000 persons visited the Virginia White Sulphur Springs the past season.

☞The Mormons are making an effort for the conversion of India to the creed of Joe Smith. Thirteen "ministers" arrived there from the City of the Salt Lake via California.

☞Miss Virginia Williams, of Georgetown, D. C., who accompanied her sister, Mrs. Bodisco, on a visit to Russia, died in St. Petersburg, on the 28th of August, after an illness of sixteen days.

Desperate Fight with Fugitive Slaves in Carroll County.—We learn from the Westminster (Md.) Democrat, that on Tuesday last four runaway slaves, believed to be from Harper's Ferry, Va., were found concealed in a barn at Taneytown, and that on Mr. James Burke, constable, with a posse, attempting to seize one of them, he fired a double barrel pistol at them, but fortunately Mr. B. was very close to him, and escaped being killed by knocking his arm to one side, the load passing to the right side of his head and severely burning his face. A desperate fight then commenced, in which all the blacks participated, but there being about double the number of whites the slaves were at length taken. The blacks were armed with pistols and large dirk knives, but could not use anything but their pistols. It is said that they (the slaves) fired six or eight times. There were three whites shot besides Mr. Burke—one in the arm—none of which are thought to be dangerous. Two of the slaves were shot, one in the left arm, which is very severe, and one alongside of the head. Three of them were brought to Westminster and secured in jail, and the one that was shot in the arm kept in Taneytown in charge of a physician, who dressed the wound. The wound is very severe, as he received the contents of one barrel of a double barrel gun, the whole load entering his arm just above the elbow.

☞Another Judge has been arrested in Cincinnati, which city appears to be somewhat unfortunate in its judicial functionaries. Judge Bana, of one of the courts of that place was, a few days since, arrested at his residence near the city, charged with being an accomplice of Craig, Reed and others, in extensive forgeries of land titles.—He was found concealed under a bed, in his night clothes, after it had been denied that he was at home. He was put in a police station house for examination.

Mortality at Sea.—The ship Charles Sprague arrived at New York on Wednesday, from Bremen, in 41 days. Forty-five deaths occurred during the passage, out of 279 passengers.

An Immense Peach Orchard.—A gentleman named Davis, from Philadelphia, residing in Clermont county, Ohio, has a peach orchard of 100 acres, containing 17,000 trees. His net profits this season are estimated at $25,000.

☞Marshfield, Mass., where now repose the remains of the illustrious statesman, Daniel Webster, has been during the past summer visited by not less than 12,000 persons, and the crowds still continue to throng the place.

☞Hon. Andrew Johnson, who has been elected Governor of Tennessee, actually commenced life in the almshouse of Wake county, N. C., where he remained until his eighth year, when he was apprenticed to a tailor in Raleigh.

☞The German physicians have discovered that carbonate of magnesia, used internally, is a valuable cure for warts.

☞The fever is now disappearing from New Orleans.

Shocking Tragedy at Oberlin, Ohio.—On the 15th ult., a most revolting murder was committed about three miles east of Oberlin, Ohio. A man named Fullman, had slandered a Miss Barber and another young lady. The brother of Miss Barber, and a Mr. Lovell, the lover of the other slandered girl, went to Fullman to talk the matter over. He repulsed them with threats, and became enraged. They left him and returned to their work. After supper one of the parties proposed that they should take their rifles and go over to Fullman and frighten him. Acting in accordance with the proposal, they took their guns, (a rifle and a shot gun,) and started. On arriving, they found Fullman and his wife raking hay. Lovell advanced and said: "Well, I've come to have it out." Fullman seized a pitchfork and made a desperate plunge at him; his wife clinging to him, shrieking, and endeavoring to prevent his striking Lovell. He succeeded in wounding him in three places with the fork. Enraged beyond control at this, Lovell fired his piece, missing F., and lodging the contents in his wife's head, wounding her dangerously, perhaps mortally. He then handed the empty gun to Barber to reload, took the loaded gun and started for home. Fullman followed him with his pitchfork. After going some distance, Lovell turned round and fired, and Fullman being but two feet from him, received the whole charge in his side, tearing him in a horrible manner, and killing him instantly. He leaves a family of three children. The murderers were immediately arrested.

A Man with Twenty Wives.—A man calling himself Dr. Wm. Hunter, but whose real name is said to be Nathaniel J. Bird, is in jail at Camden, N. J., on the charge of bigamy, and various other charges. On Sunday, Elizabeth Harrington, a lady of Philadelphia, visited him in prison, and ascertained that he was the man to whom she was married on the 9th of July last. On the same day he was visited by another lady from Kensington, named Mary Thomas, to whom he was married in May last. It is also stated that he has a wife in Reading, another in Wilmington, Del., and another yet in Philadelphia. The prisoner is only about 23 years of age, and, it is stated, that he declares that he has *twenty* wives, a statement which may be true, as more than one-fourth of that number has been found within a few days. It is alleged that he abandoned each wife soon after marriage, and that they never heard of him after until his recent arrest. The affair creates the greatest excitement in Camden, and has induced an immense number of people to seek admission for the purpose of seeing him.

CROSSING THE STREET.—*Legal Decision.*—At one of the city courts in Cincinnati, a few days since, a driver was fined $25 for running his wagon against a pedestrian who was crossing the street. The Judge decided that at all regular street crossings, pedestrians had the right of way, and that the law requires a driver to hold up when he sees a foot passenger crossing in front of his team. The same principle of law holds good elsewhere, and is worthy the notice of both drivers and pedestrians.

Death from Eating Poisoned Candy.—The Hartford Times says that a child of Mr. Lorin Field, of Somers, Ct., is supposed to have been killed by eating colored candy. Dr. Wood examined the contents of the stomach and found a sufficient quantity of lead there to cause death.

Another Conviction.—Walter Taylor, the forger of Pension papers in Connecticut, who was sentenced to ten years in the State prison for this offence some months ago, has just been convicted at Hartford on a second similar charge, and sentenced to five years longer imprisonment—fifteen years in all.

Death from Poison.—On Wednesday last, Miss Ann Smith, daughter of Mr. James Smith, of Fluvanna, Va., died suddenly from the effects of strychnine taken by mistake for seidlitz powders.

☞The papers relate how Mr. Robinson, a justice of the peace in Milford, Ohio, was whipping his dog, when the animal caught him by the throat; his wife with an axe aimed a blow at the dog, but it fell upon the head of her husband, and killed him.—Mrs. Robinson was nearly deranged in consequence.

Quick Time.—The Wheeling papers notice the arrival there, on Friday, of the through train from Baltimore in eighteen hours and fifteen minutes. The train left Cumberland fifteen minutes behind time, or the run would have been made in eighteen hours.

Mass Meeting of the Friends of a Prohibitory Liquor Law.

At a meeting of the people of Adams County, convened at the Court House, in the borough of Gettysburg, on Saturday, the 24th of September, inst., for the purpose of consulting upon measures the best calculated to secure a Prohibitory Liquor Law in Pennsylvania—WM. B. BRANDON, Esq., of York Springs, was called to the chair, and E. W. Stable and A. W. Magindy, Esq., appointed Secretaries.

The meeting was addressed by Rev. Mr. Weaver, of Maine, on the subject of the meeting.

After which the Executive Committee reported that they had addressed copies of the following letter to the candidates of each political party for State Senator and Assembly, and had received replies from Dr. Mellinger, the Whig nominee for State Senator, and Messrs. Myers and Ellis, candidates for Assembly, and that they had made use of all the means in their power to reach the nominee of the Democratic party (J. Wyeth Douglass) but had failed, so that they had no communication with him, but were satisfied, from all they could learn, that he was opposed to a Prohibitory Liquor Law.

GETTYSBURG, Sept. 10, 1853.

DEAR SIR:—The undersigned, a committee appointed for the purpose, take the liberty, in view of your position as the public as a candidate for a seat in the Legislature of Pennsylvania, of propounding to you the following interrogatory, and respectfully ask a prompt reply:—

If elected, will you vote for, and use your best effort to procure the passage of a law similar in its provisions to the Maine Liquor Law, prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, with the proviso that said act shall be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection?

Your obedient servant,
E. W. STABLE,
W. W. PAXTON,
JOHN L. HILL,
A. B. KURTZ,
Committee.

LETTER FROM JACOB A. MYERS, ESQ.

GOOD INTENT FACTORY, Sept. 23, 1853.

DEAR SIRS:—Yours of the 10th inst., has been received; and in reply to your interrogatory, respecting the course I would take in the legislature, (if elected) in reference to the "Maine Liquor Law" question, would say in the first place: I would be opposed to, and always doubted the propriety of forcing upon the people a law similar in its provisions to the "Maine Liquor Law," without first submitting it to the people for their approbation. But should I be elected a Representative to the Legislature of this State, I will favor (and if the question is brought up) will vote for a "Prohibiting Liquor Law" with a proviso that said Law should be referred to the vote of the people for their approval or disapproval.

With due respect, I remain your friend,
JACOB A. MYERS.

To E. W. Stable, Wm. W. Paxton, John L. Hill, and A. B. Kurtz, Committee.

LETTER FROM JOHN C. ELLIS, ESQ.

NEW OXFORD, Sept. 16, 1853.

GENTLEMEN:—Yesterday afternoon I was handed your esteemed favor of the 10th, and in compliance with your request, I hasten to reply to the following interrogatory herein contained, and to which you have kindly directed my attention, to wit:

"If elected, will you vote for and use your best effort to procure the passage of a law similar in its provisions to the "Maine Liquor Law" prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, with the proviso that said act shall be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection?"

Be assured, Gentlemen, I have thought seriously on the subject to which your interrogatory refers. It is a subject of moment, worthy the attention of every man, and more emphatically so of men aspiring to prominent and responsible stations in our government.

Ours, Gentlemen, is a government founded on reason and judgment; and public opinion, that mighty engine, moves and controls its whole system—is its basis; and it is, therefore, but in accordance with its true policy, on all questions involving so highly the interests of the WHOLE PEOPLE, as does the one to which your interrogatory refers, that no determination or decision should precede an interchange of opinions—an expression of the public will. To that will, honestly expressed, the representative should bow—to that will, "the weightier matters of the law" should be submitted.

And while I most respectfully decline to pledge myself, if elected, to vote for and use my best effort to procure the passage of any law, I can see no objections to so shaping my course with regard to that measure, as to further the submission of the question to the people of Pennsylvania, believing that to them the question belongs—that WITH them its proper disposition lies.

With much respect, I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
JNO. C. ELLIS.

To Messrs. E. W. Stable, Wm. W. Paxton, John L. Hill, and A. B. Kurtz, Committee.

LETTER FROM DR. D. MELLINGER.

EAST BERLIN, Sept. 22, 1853.

Messrs. E. W. Stable, Jno. L. Hill, A. B. Kurtz and W. W. Paxton, Committee, &c.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note inquiring whether—

"If elected to the Senate, will you vote for and use your best effort to procure the passage of a law similar in its provisions to the Maine Liquor Law, prohibiting the sale and manufacture of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, with the proviso that said act shall be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection?"

In view of the responsibility of the duties devolved upon a Legislator, called to the discharge of his official duties, under the sanctity of an oath—a responsibility that can only be fully met by an honest and faithful acting up to the convictions of a deliberate judgment—I cannot feel free to *pledge* myself, in advance of such deliberation, to the support of any special legislation.

The embarrassments to which such a pledge may subject a legislator in the honest and conscientious discharge of duty to the Commonwealth, and to his constituents, strikes me as being so apparent as to render it unnecessary for me to enlarge thereupon. A bill may come up on any particular topic—be that topic what it may—and while the principle involved in it might be unobjectionable in itself, yet the bill may be encumbered by provisions and details highly unjust and objectionable.

Now, a Legislator, *pledged* to the support of a bill thus drawn, in advance of its possible provisions being known, would be forced into the alternative of either apparently violating his solemn pledge, or what may be worse, be forced to violate the oath under which he takes office.

While, therefore, I cannot pledge myself to the support of the "Maine Law," or any other law—I am free to admit the right of the people to control the action of their Representative; and believing it to be the duty of a Representative, in his Representative capacity, faithfully to carry out the wishes of his constituents, especially when such wishes are fully expressed and understood, I can have no hesitation in saying that if elected to the State Senate, I could have no objection to voting for a bill to test the sense of the people of Pennsylvania upon the propriety of enacting a Prohibitory Law.

I have the honor to be very respectfully yours,
DAVID MELLINGER.

The following preamble and resolution were then unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The views and purposes of the two candidates for the State Senate, from this Senatorial District, so far as we have been able to learn them, in reference to a Prohibitory Liquor Law, to be submitted to the people for their adoption or rejection, are to us entirely unsatisfactory: Therefore,

Resolved, That with our convictions of duty, and the pledges we have given to each other on this great question of moral reform and State policy, we cannot consistently give our suffrages to Dr. Mellinger and J. Wyeth Douglass for the Senate, at the ensuing State election.

On motion, the Convention proceeded to nominate a candidate for State Senator.

Hon. GEORGE CHAMBERS was then nominated, which was accepted by acclamation.

And then, on motion, it was

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to wait upon Hon. Judge Chambers, and tender him the nomination of this mass meeting; said committee to have power to fill any vacancy that may occur.

Whereupon the Chair appointed Rev. D. D. Clark, Solomon Powers, George Warren, J. R. McPherson, and Dr. J. L. Hill, said committee.

On motion,

Resolved, That these proceedings, including the letters of candidates for Senator and Representative, be published.

On motion, adjourned.

Signed by the Officers.

The friends of Prohibition will meet in Mass Meeting at the Court House in Gettysburg, on Saturday the 24th instant, to hear report from this committee, and confer in reference to further action. You will therefore, it is presumed, see the importance of having your reply prior to that date. Very respectfully yours,

E. W. STABLE,
W. W. PAXTON,
JOHN L. HILL,
A. B. KURTZ,
Committee.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An act to regulate the General Elections of the Commonwealth," enacted on the 2d of July, 1839, it is enjoined on me to give Public Notice of such Election to be held, and to designate in such notice what officers are to be elected; "I, JOHN SCOTT, Sheriff of the County of Adams, do, therefore, hereby give this Public notice to the electors of the said County of Adams, that a

GENERAL ELECTION

will be held in said county, on the *Second Tuesday of October next, (the 11th,)* in the several Districts composed of the following Townships, viz:

In the First district, composed of the Borough of Gettysburg and the township of Cumberland, at the Court-house in Gettysburg.

In the Second district, composed of the township of Germany, at the house now occupied by Levi Grass, in the town of Littlestown, in the township of Germany.

In the Third district, composed of the township of Oxford, at the house of Widow Miley, in the town of New Oxford.

In the Fourth district, composed of the townships of Latimore and Huntington, at the house of Jonathan B. Chronister, in the township of Huntington.

In the Fifth district, composed of the townships of Hamiltonban and Liberty, at the public School-house in Millerstown.

In the Sixth district, composed of the township of Hamilton, at the house now occupied by David Newcommer, in the town of Berlin.

In the Seventh district, composed of the township of Menallen, in the public School-house in the town of Benderesville.

In the Eighth district, composed of the township of Straban, at the house of Jacob L. Grass, in Hunterstown.

In the Ninth district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house now occupied by Henry Hartman, in said township.

In the Tenth district, composed of the township of Conewago, at the house of John Bashey, in McSherrystown.

In the Eleventh district, composed of the township of Tyrone, at the house of Samuel Sadler, in Heidlersburg.

In the Twelfth district, composed of the township of Mountjoy, at the house of George Snyder, in said township.

In the Thirteenth district, composed of the township of Mountpleasant, at the house of Anthony Smith, in said township, situate at the cross-roads, the one leading from Oxford to the Two Taverns, the other from Hunterstown to Hanover.

In the Fourteenth district, composed of the township of Reading, at the house of Henry Miller, in Hampton.

In the Fifteenth district, composed of the Borough and township of Berwick, at the public School-house in Abbottstown.

In the Sixteenth district, composed of the township of Freedom, at the house of Nicholas Moritz, in said township.

In the Seventeenth district, composed of the township of Union, at the house of Enoch Lefever, in said township.

In the Eighteenth district, composed of the township of Butler, at the public School-house in Middletown, in said township.

At which time and places will be elected

One Canal Commissioner;
One Auditor General;
One Surveyor General;
One Judge of the Supreme Court;
One Member of the Senate of Pennsylvania, for Adams and Franklin Counties;
One Member of Assembly;
One Commissioner;
One County Auditor;
One Director of the Poor;
One County Treasurer;
One County Surveyor; and
One District Attorney.

Particular attention is directed to the Act of Assembly, passed the 27th day of February, 1849, entitled "An act relative to voting at elections of Adams, Dauphin, York, Lancaster, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene, and Erie, viz:

"Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same—that it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of the counties of Adams, Lancaster, Dauphin, York, Franklin, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene, and Erie, from and after the passage of this act, to vote for all candidates for the various offices to be filled at any election on one slip or ticket: Provided, The office for which every candidate is voted for, shall be designated, as required by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

"Section 2. That any fraud committed by any person voting in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished by the existing laws of this Commonwealth."

Attention is also directed to the following section of the Act of the General Assembly of the session of 1851, entitled "An act to provide for the election of Judges of the several Courts of this Commonwealth."

Section 4. That the election for Judges shall be held and conducted in the several election districts in the same manner in all respects as elections for representatives are or shall be held and conducted, and by the same judges, inspectors, and other officers; and the provisions of the act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, and its several supplements, and all other like laws, as far as the same shall be in force and applicable, shall be deemed and taken to apply to the election for judges: Provided, That the aforesaid electors shall vote for judges of the Supreme Court on a separate piece of paper.

Also—In and by virtue of the 14th section of the act aforesaid, every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer, or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is, or shall be, employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any City, or Commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

Also—That in the fourth section of the act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to executions, and for other purposes," approved April 16, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be construed, as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer, from serving as judge, inspector, or clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

And in and by an Act of the General Assembly of this State, passed the 2d day of July, 1839, it is directed that the Inspectors and Judges be at the places of their districts on the day of the General Election aforesaid, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to do and perform the several duties required and enjoined on them in and by the same act.

And be it further directed, in and by the act of the General Assembly of this State, aforesaid, that one of the Judges of each of the different districts aforesaid, who shall have the charge of the certificates of the number of votes which shall have been given for each candidate for the different offices then & there voted for at their respective districts, shall meet on the third day after their election, which shall be on *Friday the 14th of October* aforesaid, at the Court-house, in the Borough of Gettysburg, then and there to make a fair statement and certificate of the number of votes, which shall have been given at the different districts in the county of Adams, for any person or persons for the offices aforesaid.

JOHN SCOTT, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Sept. 12, 1853. } 4t

VALUABLE TIMBER-LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will sell at Public Sale, on *Monday the 3d of October next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises, a number of LOTS of valuable

Young Chestnut Timber Land,

situate in Hamiltonban township, Adams co., a mile and a half west of John Marshal's and about the same distance west of "Virginia Mills," adjoining lands of heirs of Elijah Senbrooks, deceased, Jacob Beller, John Musselman, sen., Wm. Scott, and others. This Timber has not its superior in the County, and is well suited for Farmers who may wish to have a yearly supply of FIRST RATE

TIMBER.

It will be sold in Lots of from four to nine Acres, as laid out by recent survey.

☞ Persons desiring Timberland will do well to attend the sale, as the Lots WILL BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE.

☞ Persons wishing to view the premises, or obtain information concerning them, can do so by calling on the subscriber.

Attendance given and terms made known on day of sale by

JAMES D. PAXTON.

Gettysburg, Sept. 10. 4t

A Daguerreotype for 50 Cents,

CAN be had at WEAVER'S GALLERY, in Chambersburg street. Pictures taken in all kinds of weather, and will be put up at this Gallery in all the different styles of the day, at prices varying from 50 cts. to $6. So now is the time for obtaining the cheapest likenesses ever offered in this place. Persons will find it to their advantage to call soon while the opportunity is before them, and in order to secure a satisfactory likeness, subjects are requested to wear dark apparel. Gentlemen should wear black, with black vest and cravat, and ladies should avoid dresses of pink and blue. Plaid and contrasting colors are very suitable for children.

I return my sincere thanks to my numerous friends for their past favors, and solicit a continuance of the same, hoping by strict attention to business to satisfy the tastes of all who may visit my gallery.

SAMUEL WEAVER.

May 2. tf

Petition to Incorporate "John's Church."

BY virtue of an Order issuing from the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, notice is hereby given, that divers persons, members of the EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, in the Borough of BERWICK, and vicinity, in the County aforesaid, having associated themselves for religious purposes, and being desirous to acquire and enjoy the powers and immunities of a corporation, or body politic, as law, have exhibited and presented to said Court, an instrument of writing, specifying the object, articles, conditions, name and style under which they mean to associate; and if no sufficient reason is shown to the contrary, the said Court will, *at November term next*, decree and declare that the persons so associated shall, according to the articles and conditions in said instrument set forth and contained, become and be a corporation or body politic.

WM. W. PAXTON, *Proth'y.*

Aug. 22. 3t

HANOVER BRANCH RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF HOURS!

Summer Arrangement!

ON Monday, June 27th, the 4.45 Train, now connecting with Morning Train from York to Baltimore, will be discontinued; and another Train will be run in the Afternoon to accommodate travel from Philadelphia, Columbia, Harrisburg and York.

1st Train will leave Hanover at 9.30 A. M., with Passengers for York, Columbia and Harrisburg, and return to Hanover with Passengers from Baltimore at 11.45, A. M.

2d Train will leave Hanover at 3.45, P. M., with Passengers for Baltimore, arriving there at 7.30; returning immediately with Passengers from York, &c., at 5.30, P. M.

3d Train will leave Hanover at 5.45, P. M., with Passengers for York; and return with Passengers from Baltimore at 7.45, P. M.

☞ By the above arrangement, all detention at the Junction will be avoided, & passengers from Philadelphia and Harrisburg, may arrive at Gettysburg or Emmitsburg the same evening, by Tate & Co.'s Stage Line.

Round Trip Tickets between Hanover and Baltimore, (good for 48 hours,) will be issued at $3—a reduction of one-third from the regular fare.

To accommodate persons desiring to reach Baltimore at an early hour, and those who may wish to visit the city and return the same day, an extra train will be run every Monday morning. The train will leave Hanover at 4½ A. M., arriving in Baltimore at 8½ A. M.

EDWARD E. YOUNG, *Agent.*

Hanover, June 27. tf

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the "BANK OF GETTYSBURG" intend to make application to the next Legislature for a renewal of their Charter, under the style of the "Bank of Gettysburg"—with banking privileges, and same capital, rights and privileges they now enjoy.

By order of the Board.

GEORGE SWOPE, *Pres't.*

June 20. 6m

STRAY STEER.

CAME to the farm of the subscriber, in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, about the last of July, a small BRINDLE STEER—supposed to be a year old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

Sept. 19. JOHN M'GINLY.

E. R. HORNER. F. P. HORNER. A. H. HORNER.

HORNER & BROTHERS'

(Originally from Adams county.)

WHOLESALE NOTION HOUSE,

No. 305 Baltimore St., Near Liberty.

GERMAN, FRENCH, ENGLISH & AMERICAN

FANCY GOODS;

HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES, &c.

BALTIMORE.

Aug. 8. 4t

DICTIONARY of DOMESTIC MEDICINE and HOUSEHOLD SURGERY, by Spencer Thomas, M. D., and Henry H. Smith, M. D. This is an entire new work, highly recommended by the medical Faculty. For sale at the cheap Book and Stationery Store of KELLER KURTZ.

ANOTHER CHANGE!

DAILY LINE

BETWEEN

Emmitsburg, Gettysburg, York, Baltimore, and Harrisburg.

THE undersigned are now running a Daily Line of comfortable *four-horse* Coaches between Gettysburg and Hanover, and Gettysburg and Emmitsburg, and have made arrangements with the Railroad Companies, running from Hanover to BALTIMORE, YORK and HARRISBURG, by which they are enabled to furnish THROUGH TICKETS from Gettysburg to those places at the following reduced rates:

From Gettysburg to Baltimore, $2 50
" " York, 1 50
" " Harrisburg, 1 75

☞ Round Tickets from Gettysburg to York and return, will be given for $2 50.

Also, Through Tickets from Emmitsburg to the above places, via Gettysburg and Hanover, at the following rates:

From Emmitsburg to Baltimore, $3 00
" " York, 2 25
" " Harrisburg, 1 75

☞ The above arrangement furnishes the most convenient, comfortable, and economical route to passengers, who thereby reach York and Harrisburg by noon, and arrive at Baltimore at an early hour.

☞ An arrangement is also effected, by which all detention at the Junction will be avoided, and passengers from Philadelphia and Harrisburg will arrive at Gettysburg or Emmitsburg on the same evening, by this line.

☞ Tickets can be had by application at the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg; at Agnew's Hotel, Emmitsburg; and at the Railroad Offices in Baltimore, York and Harrisburg.

TATE & CO.

June 27. 6m

NEW LINE OF COACHES,

(Carrying the U. S. Mail,)

From Gettysburg to Hanover, via New Oxford.

☞ Through Tickets to Baltimore, York and Harrisburg, to be had at the Gen. Wayne Inn, Baltimore; Colder's office, Harrisburg; Welsh's Railroad Hotel, York; and McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg.

Fare from Gettysburg to Harrisburg, $1 75
" " York, $1 50
" " Baltimore, $2 25
" " Hanover, 75

D. GEHR & CO.

Sept. 12. tf

STILL LOWER!

REDUCTION OF FARE, & INCREASE OF SPEED!

FROM GETTYSBURG TO HARRISBURG,

$1.50,

On and after Monday, April 11, 1853

STAGE will leave McCLELLAN'S Hotel, Gettysburg, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Harrisburg at 1 o'clock, P. M., in time to connect with the Cars going East and West, also with the Millersburg Stage.

Stage will leave Harrisburg on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock, A. M.—Arrive at Gettysburg at 2, P. M.

WM. COLDER, Jr.

April 11. 6m

FOR SALE,

A VERY SUPERIOR

STEAM ENGINE,

20 HORSE-POWER, with a Flue Boiler 30 feet long, 3 feet in diameter, and all the necessary fixtures complete, all new, and of the first order, having run about six months—also one of

Gardner's Patent Clover Hullers,

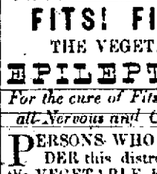
new, with the right of Five Townships. Inquire at this Office.

July 18. 4t

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

WM. FRAZER

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has taken the stand recently occupied by his brother (Alexander Frazer), in Chambersburg street, opposite the Lutheran Church, where he is prepared to REPAIR and CLEAN



Clocks, Watches, &c.,

on reasonable terms. All work will be insured.

☞ Also, on hand a variety of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &c., which will be sold low.

Gettysburg, May 9. tf

FITS! FITS! FITS!

THE VEGETABLE EXTRACT

EPILEPTIC PILLS,

For the cure of Fits, Spasms, Cramps, and all Nervous and Constitutional Diseases.

PERSONS WHO ARE LABORING UNDER this distressing malady, will find the VEGETABLE EPILEPTIC PILLS to be the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy, or Falling Fits.

These pills possess a specific action on the Nervous system; and, although they are prepared especially for the purpose of curing Fits, they will be found of especial benefit for all persons afflicted with weak nerves, or whose nervous system has been prostrated or shattered from any cause whatever. In chronic complaints, or diseases of long standing, superinduced by nervousness, they are exceedingly beneficial.

Price $3 per box, or two boxes for $5. Persons out of the city, enclosing a remittance, will have the Pills sent them through the mail, free of postage. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, No. 108 BALTIMORE STREET, Baltimore, Md., to whom orders from all parts of the Union, must be addressed, post paid.

May 23. 1y

LEE & RINGLAND'S

(Late Church, Lee & Ringland's,)

LUMBER YARD

AND

STEAM SAW-MILL,

ON THE YORK AND CUMBERLAND RAILROAD.

NEW CUMBERLAND, PA.

☞ A large supply of all kinds of Lumber always on hand, wholesale and retail. Bills sawed to order at the shortest notice.

N. B. Lumber can be delivered by us at any point on the Cumberland Valley Rail Road, Hanover, York, Baltimore, and intermediate places.

May 30. 9m

WANTED.

SIX good STONE MASONS, to work on a new building, at Mt St. Mary's College, Emmitsburg. JOHN TEHAN,

Sept. 12. *Architect.*

☞ **Printing of every description,** Neatly & expeditiously executed at this office.

Spring and Summer Clothing.

THE subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform his Customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from the Cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and N. York, with one of the largest, cheapest and best selected stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, ever offered in this county; and is determined, to sell them at prices that cannot fail to give entire satisfaction to all who favor him with a call. You can rely on it, that my stock of Spring and Summer Clothing was bought at the right time, at the right place, and at right prices. MARCUS SAMSON.

April 18. tf

CLOTHING—CLOTHING.

ABR'M ARNOLD has now on hand, and is constantly making up, *Ready-made Clothing*, of all sizes and qualities, which he will dispose of on more reasonable terms than any CLOTHING STORE or SLOP SHOP in the Town or County.

☞ Call and see—he defies all competition.

March 28. tf

Hardware.

THE Largest assortment of Hardware, Saddlery, Paints, Oils, Dye-stuffs ever offered, will be sold on better terms than can be had elsewhere. Purchasing from the manufacturers, we feel confident that we can offer inducements to purchasers to give us a call and examine our stock.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

May 30. *Sign of the Red Front.*

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just opened a fresh supply of SEASONABLE GOODS, comprising a general assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

to which the early and particular attention of persons wanting cheap goods is again respectfully invited. D. MIDDLECOFF.

April 25 tf

For Sale, Cheap,

A good second-hand *Family Carriage.*—Inquire at this office.

June 27. tf

For the Ladies.

ALL the latest and most fashionable styles of SHOES, GAITERS and SLIPPERS.

☞ Warranted, well made, at

June 6. KELLER KURTZ'S.

Look Out!

THE subscriber hereby gives notice to those who have promised him WOOD on account, that he is in want of it, and that unless it is delivered forthwith, without further notice, the Accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection, and the money required. T. WARREN.

Dec. 27. tf

"TAKE MY HAT."

M. SAMSON, having added a new feature to his business, is prepared to offer to the public a choice assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES. Having purchased entirely for cash, he is enabled to sell at astonishingly low prices. Call at the cheap store of M. SAMSON.

May 2. tf

To the Public.

THE Subscriber desires to call the attention of the Citizens of Adams County, to his extensive stock of

Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Porte Monnaies, Perfumery, Brushes, Combs, &c.—also, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps,

which for variety and cheapness, he defies all competition in this or any of the neighboring Counties. ☞ Call and see, at the South East Corner of Centre Square.

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

Boots, Shoes, & Hats.

THE undersigned has enlarged his Store room, and has added to his present business, BOOTS, SHOES, & HATS, such as first-rate fine Moleskin, Kossuth, Hungarian, Lady Franklin, Stiff Brim, soft and hard tops, (latest style) Brush; Manilla, Palm, &c. Buff, Calf and Kip Boots, Black and Bronze top Montereys, Goat and Calf Monroe Shoes, all of which he has bought for cash, and will sell very cheap. I respectfully invite my friends and customers to examine my stock before purchasing. MARCUS SAMSON.

May 9. tf

PARASOLS.—The Ladies will please call at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner, and see a large and well selected lot of PARASOLS among them large sizes.

VIOLINS & ACCORDIONS.—Desirous of disposing of my present stock of the above articles, I will sell them very low.

April 18. MARCUS SAMSON.

CARPET BAGS.—You will find a very large assortment of Carpet Bags at SAMSON'S One-price Store. They were bought at Auction, and will be sold cheaper than any other establishment dare to sell them.

HARPER for June, illustrated by more than 100 engravings. A new volume commenced—125,000 copies printed. Now is the time to subscribe at KURTZ'S Book store.

SATTINET, VELVET, and a great variety of Pant Goods for Men and Boys, at the Cheap Corner of KURTZ'S.

STACKS OF THEM.—We have just received a splendid assortment of VESTS—such as Black and Fancy Satins, Cloth, Cassimeres, Tweeds, &c., which will be sold very low at SAMSON'S.

WANTED, Customers to purchase a superior lot of Black French Doeskin Cassimere Pants, Fancy Cassimeres of every description, Cassinet Pants of every shade and quality, together with any amount of Velvet Cords, Linens, Cottons, &c., at the one-price Store of SAMSON.

LUTHERAN HYMN BOOKS.—A very large assortment of Lutheran Hymn Books, bound in every style of binding, just received at the cheap Bookstore of

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

GENTLEMEN can be furnished with Drawers, Shirts, Shirt-collars, Suspenders, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Socks, Gloves, Umbrellas, Canes, and in fact every thing in the furnishing line at SAMSON'S.

FINE Muslin de Bege, for 25 cts.; Barege de Lains for 12½ cts.; Lawns for a fip—with a very choice selection of *Dress Goods*, at prices greatly below the usual rates, can now be had at MIDDLECOFF'S.

KNICK KNACKS from an Editor's Table, by L. Gaylord Clark, just published by the Appletons, and for sale at

June 6. KELLER KURTZ'S.

KENTUCKY JEANS & TWEEDS—any variety of color and style, for the season, at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

BONNETS, Ribbons, and Parasols, a fine assortment, and very cheap, at

April 25. MIDDLECOFF'S.

LADIES are invited to call and see the finest article of DRESS SHOE that has ever been in this market.

April 25. W. W. PAXTON.

NEW GOODS.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS

HAVE just returned from the Cities with one of the largest and most desirable stock of

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

ever offered to the public. Having selected them with care, we feel assured that we can offer to those who favor us with their patronage, as choice and desirable an assortment, both as regards style, quality, or price, as has ever been brought to this market. Having purchased most of our goods from the manufacturers, we are determined to sell at astonishingly low prices, believing that the old motto, relating to small profits and quick sales, is true to the letter. Knowing that our stock will compare favorably with any in the county, we invite the attention of those about purchasing, confident that Bargains such as are rarely offered, can be secured by giving us an early call. Our extensive assortment, consisting of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Queensware, and Hardware,

of every variety, and at prices to suit purchasers, should be examined before purchasing elsewhere. We deem it needless to enumerate articles, as our stock comprises every article in our line. ☞ Call early and select from the new Stock at the sign of the *RED FRONT.*

FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

April 4. tf

MORE NEW GOODS.

THE RICHEST & BEST ASSORTMENT OF

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

For Gentlemen's Wear,

EVER OPENED IN GETTYSBURG!

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH

TAKE pleasure in calling the attention of their friends and the public to their extensive stock of Fashionable Goods for Gentlemen's wear, just received from the city, which, for variety of style, beauty of finish, and superior quality, *challenges comparison* with any other stock in the place. Our assortment of

Cloths, plain and fancy Tweeds and Cassimeres, Vestings, Satinets, Over Coatings, &c., &c.

CAN'T BE BEAT! Give us a call, and examine for yourselves. We have purchased our stock carefully, and with a desire to please the tastes of all, from the most practical to the most fastidious.

☞ TAILORING, in all its branches, attended to as heretofore, with the assistance of good workmen.

☞ The FASHIONS for Fall and Winter have been received.

Gettysburg, Dec. 13. tf

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of DAVID ZIEGLER, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel,

GROCERIES,

CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMINGS,

Springs, Axles, Saddlery,

CEDAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,

Paints, Oils, & Dye-Stuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business—to which they invite the attention of Coach makers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoemakers, Saddlers, and the public generally.

Our Stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased any where

☞ We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 9. tf

FRESH ARRIVAL.

One of the Largest and Prettiest Stocks of FANCY & STAPLE GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS PLACE!

J. L. SCHICK has just returned from the Eastern Cities with his Spring Stock of FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS, which he invites the public to examine, at his new location, *south west corner of the Diamond.* He feels confident that he can please every taste, in style, quality, quantity and price. His assortment comprises

Black and Fancy Silks,

Satins, Barege de Laines, Mous. de Laines, Lawns; Swiss, Jaconet and Cambric Muslins; Ginghams, Calicoes, Trimmings;

CANTON CRAPE SHAWLS,

a splendid article; Bonnets, Ribbons & Flowers; Gloves, Hosiery, Irish Linens, Muslins, and Hundreds of other articles in this line. Also,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cashmeretts,

Italian Cloth, Tweeds, Cottonades, Linen Checks, plain and fancy Vestings, &c., &c.

☞ Call and examine for yourselves, at the south west corner of the public square, and if you don't say that my stock of Goods is one of the most desirable you ever saw, the fault will not be mine. Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to me by a generous public, I ask a continuance of the same, promising that nothing shall be left undone on my part, calculated to please and accommodate.

J. L. SCHICK.

April 11. tf

That Wonderful Place,

JEW ARNOLD'S celebrated cheap CLOTHING STORE, continues to be the object of amazement, delight, and profit to the thousands who are constantly, and *especially now*, thronging it, and supplying themselves with every variety of the best styles and most substantial qualities of READY-MADE CLOTHING. He makes no empty boasts about "OGREACE" and the thousand and one other humbugs of the day, but defies the world to produce a richer, cleaner, neater, stronger or cheaper stock of Clothing than the infinite variety which he has—not bought at city "auction" for a song—but made up here by *skillful* and *honest* workmen, in the most honest and skillful manner. Just call and see if it be not so.

☞ Also a few TRUNKS at less than cost, to make room for customers.

April 25. tf

ROLAND TREVOR, or the Pilot of Human Life, showing how to make and lose a fortune, and then to make another. This is said to be a very amusing and instructive book—to be had at KELLER KURTZ'S Store.

BUILDERS will find it greatly to their advantage, to examine our complete assortment of BUILDING MATERIAL, as we are prepared to supply such articles as they may desire, at unusually low rates.

May 30. S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

COLLARS, Lacet, Edgings and Insertings, a beautiful variety, just received and for sale at SCHICK'S.

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

Still Greater Improvement in Grain Drills.

☞ *PRICE REDUCED TO SIXTY DOLLARS!* ☜

MOORE'S PATENT SEED AND GRAIN PLANTER.

THIS Machine was Patented July 2, 1850, and has received the highest premium at all the Exhibitions where it has ever been contested, including Newcastle county, Delaware, Agricultural Society, October 9th, 1850; Philadelphia and Delaware County Agricultural Society, October 17th, 1850; Maryland State Agricultural Society, October 23d, 1850, and October 24th, 1851; and Michigan State Agricultural Society, September 25th, 1851.

THE ABOVE DRILL

Is not liable to get out of repair, is exceedingly simple in its construction, will sow point rows in all irregular shaped fields, and possesses superior advantages to all others, in the ease and quickness with which it can be regulated to sow any desired quantity of Grain per acre, while the draft upon the Horses is 25 per cent. lighter, and consequently, with the same labor, can seed one-fourth more ground per day, than with most other machines now in use. The objection so common to Drilling Machines of becoming *choked* if the seed is not perfectly cleaned, is entirely obviated in the Simple and Peculiar Construction of this Drill, as white caps and short straw will not interfere in the least with

THE REGULAR DISTRIBUTION OF THE SEED.

It is warranted to distribute the seed evenly; to sow any quantity per acre commonly sown broadcast; to not cut or break the grains; to be well made with good materials and durable with proper care.

Having sold about 400 of the above Drills the past season, all of which met with the unqualified approbation of the purchasers; and after careful and thorough experiments which have resulted in still greater improvements, we now feel warranted in saying that Moore's Patent Seed and Grain Planter improved, is superior to any other machine FOR THE PURPOSE, NOW IN THE MARKET.

Having made arrangements to furnish 1,000 of the above Machines for sale, the coming season, we shall be prepared, at all times, to supply orders without delay.

☞ All orders addressed to the undersigned will warrant prompt attention.

LEE, PEIRCE & THOMPSON.

☞ WM. R. FREE is Agent for Adams County, for the above Drill; and also for the sale of SEYMOUR, MORGAN & CO'S Reaping Machine. ☞ Any letters addressed to him at Ereildoun P. O., Chester county, Pa., will be attended to.

Ereildoun P. O., Chester county, Pa., May 23. tf

2,000 LADIES

ARE willing to certify that the HATHAWAY COOKING STOVE is the very best Stove now in use, inasmuch as they will do more Cooking, Roasting and Baking, and do it with less labor, and last as long again as any other stove now sold. These celebrated stoves are constantly kept for sale at a very reduced price, at the

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE SHOP,

Where the subscribers feeling determined to suit all persons, have also the Parlor, Sexton's Baltimore Air-tight, Beakskell, and Cabinch Cook Stove, and Air-tight and ten plate Parlor Stoves of the most beautiful patterns

The Seyler Ploughs,

which cannot be surpassed for lightness of draught or in the character of their work, are constantly on hand for sale, and in view of the fact that the Mouldboard of these Ploughs is one fourth heavier than that of other ploughs, it is decidedly the cheapest that can be obtained.

☞ WITHEROW PLOUGHS and others. Castings for the Woodcock Plough, Wind mill machinery, Castings and Hollow ware, with every article usually made at Foundries can be obtained here.

☞ Blacksmithing and Shoe Making as usual

T. WARREN & SON.

Dec. 15. tf

LAND WARRANTS.

I wish to purchase a number of *Land Warrants*, for which I will pay a fair price, in Cash. D. MIDDLECOFF.

April 11. tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to us by Note or Book account, will please call without delay, as it is absolutely necessary that all accounts should be settled at least once a year.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

Jan. 3. tf

Farmers, Look Here!

CALL at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner for Grain Cradles, made by Sticksl & Fuss, Greencastle, Pa. [June 20.

LADIES' Dress Goods, Barage De Laines, Croton Lustre, Mous De Laines, Lawns &c., will be sold cheaper at FAHNESTOCK'S than they can be had elsewhere.

UMBRELLAS.—A very large assortment, all kinds and sizes, from 37½ cents up,—at KURTZ'S.

CHILDREN'S SHOES, the best assortment in town, at K. KURTZ'S.

GROCERIES, of all kinds and fresh, to be had as low as the market affords, at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

BUFF VESTS.—A splendid lot of Buff Vests just received, and for sale cheap at SAMSON'S.

GENTLEMEN are invited to call and see a beautiful BEAVER HAT, also Silk, Cuban, Kossuth, Citizens', Braid, and Panama Hats for summer. W. W. PAXTON.

BLACK Silk, Black Silk Net Fringe, Mohair and Silk Mitts, just received, and for sale cheap at S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans, Italian Cloths & Vestings cheap at S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS.

SUB-SOIL PLOUGHS,

OF the best quality, always on hand, and for sale, in Gettysburg, at the Foundry of

T. WARREN & SON.

LONG SHAWLS and DRESS GOODS, a new supply just received, and for sale very cheap, by S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS,

Jan. 3. *Sign of the Red Front.*

ALBUMS! ALBUMS! A splendid assortment of Albums, at various prices, just received direct from New York at

June 6. KELLER KURTZ'S.

TRUNKS!—A general assortment of Trunks, for sale, very cheap, at SAMSON'S.

BONNETS.—A very large lot of Bonnets, of the latest styles, to please the most fastidious, at very low rates—to be had at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

MORE NEW GOODS, received and opened this day, at FAHNESTOCK'S.

May 30. *Sign of the Red Front.*

GERMAN REFORMED HYMN BOOKS. Another new supply of Hymn Books, of the German Reformed Church, has just been received at KURTZ'S Bookstore.

MORSE'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF

YELLOW DOCK ROOT.

THIS is a Purely Vegetable Compound, scientifically prepared from the first Roots and Herbs of the Materia Medica, and has gained an unrivalled reputation for the following effects, viz: Regulating and Strengthening the Liver and Digestive Organs, and Cleansing the Stomach and Bowels, and thus curing all Bilious Diseases, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, &c., and causing the food to nourish and support every part,

PURIFYING THE BLOOD,

and thus curing all Humors, Cutaneous Eruptions, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Canker, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Ulcers, Tumors, Mercurial Disease, Cancers, &c.; Regulating the Secretory Organs, and by enabling them to perform their proper functions, preventing and curing many painful and dangerous diseases; Strengthening and Quieting the Nervous System, thus allaying Nervous Irritation, and curing all Diseases of the Nerves, as Hysteria, Neuralgia, Cramps, &c.

It is unrivalled in the Cure of all

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

as Weakness, General Debility, Irregularity, Obstructions, Swelling of the Feet, Limbs, Joints, &c., caused by weakness; also, Lung & Throat Complaints, as Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, &c., also, Dropsy.

Having made use of the Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock Root, prepared by C. MORSE & CO., either ourselves, or in our families, and finding it to be a very salutary and effectual preparation, we do most cheerfully recommend it to the public as a very valuable medicine.

E. Bourne, Esq., Cashier National Bank, Providence, R. I.; A. W. Spencer, Esq., Cashier Lime Rock Bank, Providence, R. I.; Rev. Wm. Phillips, Rev. J. B. Richmond, C. S. Jones, editor Providence Gen. Adv., Wm. Field, M. W. G. M., Cyrus Fisher, M. E. H. P., J. Hutchinson, G. S. Dea, V. J. Bates, Dr. Benj. Colby, and one hundred others of the most respectable families of Providence.

This certifies that I have for a number of years been acquainted with the composition and mode of manufacture of MORSE'S COMPOUND SYRUP of YELLOW DOCK ROOT. I have also been acquainted with its modus operandi in disease, and can say that in all respects it is admirably calculated to remedy that class of Diseases for which it was designed. It is especially valuable in INDIGESTION and all its attendant symptoms, it exerts a healthy action the LIVER, removes Torpor, and inactivity of this Organ, and stimulates healthy action in all the system. As a DEPURATOR or purifier of the Blood it has no superior. DAVID HOLMES, M. D.

Providence, R. I. Jan. 4, 1853

☞ Prepared by C. MORSE & CO., No. 446 Broadway, N. Y., and sold by Druggists and others throughout this and other countries.

☞ For sale by SAMUEL H. BUEHLER, Gettysburg.

May 30 1y

QUEENSWARE, in all its varieties and styles, cheap at KURTZ'S Corner.

CLOTHS & CASSIMERES, of every description, color and style, which we will sell low. Call and see them at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

TELL your Friends, that MARCUS SAMSON has just received and opened a choice lot of Black, Blue, and Green Cloth Frock and Dress Coats—Cassimeres, Cashmerets, Tweeds, Linens, Cottons, &c.—and will dispose of them at the lowest living rates.

TELL your Friends and Neighbors, and come yourselves, and see the very large and fine assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, that has just been received by

April 25. W. W. PAXTON.

METHODIST HYMN BOOKS, bound in the best Turkey Morocco binding, Imitation of Turkey, Sheep, &c., for sale at the lowest cash rates at the cheap Bookstore of

June 6. KELLER KURTZ.

CLOCKS